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# SECURITY NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORP

## FORM 10-Q

(Quarterly Report)

Filed 11/13/20 for the Period Ending 09/30/20

Address PO BOX 57220, SALT LAKE CITY, UT, 84157

Telephone (727) 384-2323

CIK 0000318673

Symbol SNFCA

SIC Code 6199 - Finance Services

Fiscal Year 12/31

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## UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

#### \_\_\_\_\_

## FORM 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2020

0

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_

1934

#### Commission File Number: 000-09341

SECURITY NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

UTAH

## 87-0345941

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

#### 121 West Election Road, Suite 100, Draper, Utah

**84020** (Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive offices)

## (801) 264-1060

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

#### Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol	Name of each exchange or which registered	I
Class A Common Stock	SNFCA	The Nasdag Global Select Market	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files).

Yes [X] No [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a nonaccelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer [ ] Accelerated filer [ ] Non-accelerated filer [ ] (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company [X] Emerging growth company [ ]

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes [ ] No[X]

As of November 10, 2020, the registrant had 16,573,341 shares of Class A Common Stock, \$2.00 par value, outstanding and 2,589,783 shares of Class C Common Stock, \$2.00 par value, outstanding.

## SECURITY NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES FORM 10-Q

## QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

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## SECURITY NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

## Part I - Financial Information

## Item 1. Financial Statements.

Assets	eptember 30 2020 Unaudited)	December 31 2019
Investments:		
Fixed maturity securities, available for sale, at estimated fair value	\$ 344,917,387	\$ 355,977,820
Equity securities at estimated fair value	11,215,606	7,271,165
Mortgage loans held for investment (net of allowances for loan losses of \$2,046,481 and \$1,453,037 for 2020 and 2019)	245,609,527	236,694,546
Real estate held for investment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$13,497,759 and \$12,788,739 for 2020 and 2019)	123,002,683	102,756,946
Real estate held for sale	7,990,181	14,097,627
Other investments and policy loans (net of allowances for doubtful		
accounts of \$1,602,483 and \$1,448,026 for 2020 and 2019)	68,008,150	60,245,269
Accrued investment income	5,712,998	4,833,232
Total investments	806,456,532	781,876,605
Cash and cash equivalents	151,686,960	127,754,719
Loans held for sale at estimated fair value	445,878,979	213,457,632
Receivables (net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$1,698,836 and \$1,724,156 for 2020 and 2019)	10,423,683	9,236,330
Restricted assets (including \$3,663,945 and \$2,985,347 for 2020 and 2019 at estimated fair value)	16,242,387	13,935,317
Cemetery perpetual care trust investments (including \$2,408,995 and \$2,581,124 for 2020 and 2019 at estimated fair value)	5,387,732	4,411,864
Receivable from reinsurers	15,849,961	15,747,768
Cemetery land and improvements	9,117,882	9,519,950
Deferred policy and pre-need contract acquisition costs	98,432,491	94,701,920
Mortgage servicing rights, net	28,387,476	17,155,529
Property and equipment, net	12,636,951	14,600,394
Value of business acquired	9,188,492	9,876,647
Goodwill	3,519,588	3,519,588
Other	33,988,873	18,649,812
Total Assets	\$ 1,647,197,987	\$ 1,334,444,075

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

## SECURITY NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued)

	September 30 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31 2019
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Liabilities		
Future policy benefits and unpaid claims	\$ 840,604,906	\$ 825,600,918
Unearned premium reserve	3,404,592	3,621,697
Bank and other loans payable	424,932,007	217,572,612
Deferred pre-need cemetery and mortuary contract revenues	13,045,307	12,607,978
Cemetery perpetual care obligation	4,038,169	3,933,719
Accounts payable	5,185,265	5,056,983
Other liabilities and accrued expenses	68,639,787	50,652,591
Income taxes	31,301,997	18,686,972
Total liabilities	1,391,152,030	1,137,733,470
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred Stock - non-voting - \$1.00 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued or outstanding	-	-
Class A: common stock - \$2.00 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; issued 16,559,987 shares in 2020 and 16,107,779 shares in 2019	33,119,974	32,215,558
Class B: non-voting common stock - \$1.00 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued or outstanding		
Class C: convertible common stock - \$2.00 par value; 3,000,000 shares authorized; issued 2,549,383 shares in 2020 and 2,500,887 shares in 2019	5,098,766	5,001,774
Additional paid-in capital	49,355,124	46,091,112
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of taxes	19,909,604	13,726,514
Retained earnings	149,428,819	101,256,229
Treasury stock at cost - 189,390 Class A shares in 2020 and 490,823 Class A	145,420,015	101,250,225
shares in 2019	(866,330)	(1,580,582)
Total stockholders' equity	256,045,957	196,710,605
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 1,647,197,987	\$ 1,334,444,075

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

## SECURITY NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (Unaudited)

-	Th	ree Months End	led Sep		N	line Months End	led Sep	
		2020	_	2019		2020		2019
Revenues:								
Insurance premiums and other								
considerations	\$	23,766,576	\$	19,832,492	\$	68,982,561	\$	58,504,712
Net investment income		14,709,142		10,478,566		41,072,386		31,061,069
Net mortuary and cemetery sales		5,371,715		3,526,416		14,530,584		11,205,774
Gains (losses) on investments and other assets		800,507		(519,673)		(173,461)		261.005
Mortgage fee income		98,559,624		39,735,752		212,209,718		261,095 97,161,190
Other		2,997,001		2,326,106		7,853,468		7,124,836
Total revenues		146,204,565		75,379,659		344,475,256		205,318,676
		140,204,505		13,313,035	_	544,475,250		203,510,070
Benefits and expenses:								
Death benefits		16,026,897		9,937,711		43,021,247		29,264,410
Surrenders and other policy benefits		1,056,318		636,366		2,964,984		2.266.275
Increase in future policy benefits		4,892,972		5,980,721		18,534,848		17,407,962
Amortization of deferred policy and								
pre-need acquisition costs and value								
of business acquired		4,239,935		3,477,160		10,781,658		9,678,912
Selling, general and administrative expenses:								
Commissions		37,761,992		16,714,061		81,555,823		40,243,042
Personnel		21,700,446		16,287,957		60,959,099		47,018,553
Advertising		1,607,138		1,361,745		3,842,296		3,566,823
Rent and rent related		1,797,161		1,749,402		5,074,755		5,377,869
Depreciation on property and								-,- ,
equipment		516,243		421,970		1,550,526		1,294,576
Costs related to funding mortgage								
loans		3,057,276		1,917,390		7,392,373		4,831,604
Other		11,701,986		9,355,218		33,080,916		25,154,712
Interest expense		2,363,169		2,078,733		6,063,218		5,353,177
Cost of goods and services sold-								
mortuaries and cemeteries		899,101		701,403		2,401,592		2,044,937
Total benefits and expenses		107,620,634		70,619,837		277,223,335	_	193,502,852
Forming a hofeye income toyog		38,583,931		4,759,822		67,251,921		11,815,824
Earnings before income taxes								
Income tax expense		(9,279,162)		(1,142,408)		(15,965,656)		(2,788,038)
Net earnings	\$	29,304,769	\$	3,617,414	\$	51,286,265	\$	9,027,786
					_			
Net earnings per Class A								
Equivalent common share (1)		\$1.55		\$0.19		\$2.73	_	\$0.49
Net earnings per Class A								
Equivalent common share-		\$1.51		\$0.19		\$2.68		¢0.49
assuming dilution (1)		\$1.51		\$0.19		\$2.68		\$0.48
Weighted-average Class A								
equivalent common share		18 873 886		18 551 116		18 760 884		18,560,874
outstanding (1)	_	18,873,886		18,551,116	_	18,760,884		10,300,874
Weighted average Class A								
Weighted-average Class A equivalent common shares								
outstanding-assuming dilution (1)		19,433,619		18,755,091		19,164,890		18,769,435
(1) Net earnings per share and	unt.		adjuct		ively		t of a	

(1) Net earnings per share amounts have been adjusted retroactively for the effect of annual stock dividends.

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

## SECURITY NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Th	Three Months Ended September 30 Nine Months Ended						led September 30			
	-	2020		2019		2020		2019			
Net earnings	\$	29,304,769	\$	3,617,414	\$	51,286,265	\$	9,027,786			
Other comprehensive income:											
Unrealized gains on fixed maturity securities available											
for sale	\$	3,810,906		-		7,810,537		-			
Unrealized gains on restricted assets		23,323		-		28,309		-			
Unrealized losses on cemetery perpetual care trust											
investments		(16,883)		-		(11,114)		-			
Foreign currency translation adjustments		84		(340)		(196)		1,707			
Other comprehensive income, before income tax		3,817,430		(340)		7,827,536	-	1,707			
Income tax benefit (expense)		(801,915)		85	-	(1,644,446)		(426)			
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax		3,015,515	-	(255)	_	6,183,090		1,281			
Comprehensive income	\$	32,320,284	\$	3,617,159	\$	57,469,355	\$	9,029,067			

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

## SECURITY NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

			Nine	Months	Ended Septembe	er 30, 2020		
	Class A Common Stock	Class C Common Stock	Additional Paid- in Capital		mulated Other mprehensive Income	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Total
January 1, 2020	\$ 32,215,558	\$ 5,001,774	\$ 46,091,112	\$	13,726,514	\$ 101,256,229	\$ (1,580,582)	\$ 196,710,605
Net earnings	-	-	-		-	1,424,449	-	1,424,449
Other comprehensive loss	-	-			(8,852,313)	_	-	(8,852,313)
Stock-based compensation expense	-	-	65.877		-	-	-	65,877
Exercise of stock options	44,822	-	(33,930)		_	_	_	10,892
Sale of treasury stock	-	-	218,280		-	-	264,081	482,361
Purchase of treasury stock	-	-	-		-	-	(129,608)	(129,608)
Stock dividends	2,322	(1,020)	2,292		-	(3,594)	-	-
Conversion Class C to Class A	22,324	(22,324)	-		-	-	-	-
March 31, 2020	\$ 32,285,026	\$4,978,430	\$ 46,343,631	\$	4,874,201	\$ 102,677,084	\$ (1,446,109)	\$ 189,712,263
Net earnings	-	-	-		-	20,557,047	-	20,557,047
Other comprehensive income	-	-			12,019,888	-	-	12,019,888
Stock-based compensation								
expense Exercise of stock	-	-	101,520		-	-	-	101,520
options	22,726	-	(22,726)		-	-	-	-
Sale of treasury stock	-	-	319,676		-	-	664,546	984,222
Purchase of treasury stock	-	-	-		-	-	(760,713)	(760,713)
Stock dividends	807,356	124,460	2,175,790		-	(3,107,607)	-	(1)
Conversion Class C to Class A	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
June 30, 2020	\$ 33,115,108	\$ 5,102,890	\$ 48,917,891	\$	16,894,089	\$ 120,126,524	\$ (1,542,276)	\$ 222,614,226
Net earnings	_	-				29.304.769		29,304,769
Other comprehensive	-	-	-		-	29,304,709	-	29,304,709
income	-	-	-		3,015,515	-	-	3,015,515
Stock-based compensation								
expense Sale of treasury stock	-	-	104,562 330,939		-	-	- 886,452	104,562 1,217,391
Purchase of treasury stock		_			_		(210,506)	(210,506)
Stock dividends	742	-	1,732		-	(2,474)	(220,500)	(210,500)
Conversion Class C to Class A	4,124	(4,124)	-		-	-	-	-
September 30, 2020	\$ 33,119,974	\$5,098,766	\$ 49,355,124	\$	19,909,604	\$ 149,428,819	\$ (866,330)	\$256,045,957
			7					

## SECURITY NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited) (Continued)

			Nine M	onths En	ded Septembe	er 30, 2019		
	Class A Common Stock	Class C Common Stock	Additional Paid- in Capital	Com	ulated Other prehensive ncome	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Total
January 1, 2019	\$ 30,609,596	\$ 4,387,286	\$ 41,821,778	\$	(2,823)	\$ 95,201,732	\$ (206,396)	171,811,173
Net earnings	-	-	-		-	1,930,318	-	1,930,318
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-		820	-	-	820
Stock-based compensation expense		-	64,704		-	-	-	64,704
Exercise of stock options	8,936	_	8.444		_	_	-	17,380
Sale of treasury	0,550		.,				42 242	
stock Purchase of	-	-	295,153		-	-	42,343	337,496
treasury stock Stock dividends	- 282	(4)	489		-	(769)	(112,404)	(112,404)
Conversion Class								
C to Class A March 31,	6,560	(6,560)	-		-	-	-	
2019	\$ 30,625,374	\$ 4,380,722	\$ 42,190,568	\$	(2,003)	\$ 97,131,281	\$ (276,457)	\$ 174,049,485
Net earnings	-	-	-		-	3,480,054	-	3,480,054
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-		716		_	716
Stock-based compensation expense			65,037			-	-	65,037
Exercise of stock options	20,274	_	9,519		-	-		29,793
Sale of treasury stock	-	-	92,605		-	-	25,190	117,795
Purchase of treasury stock			_			-	(174,704)	(174,704)
Conversion Class C to Class A	12	(14)	2		_	_		
June 30, 2019	\$ 30,645,660	\$ 4,380,708	\$ 42,357,731	\$	(1,287)	\$100,611,335	\$ (425,971)	\$ 177,568,176
Net earnings	-	-	-		-	3,617,414	-	3,617,414
Other comprehensive loss	-	_	-		(255)	_	_	(255)
Stock-based compensation					(200)			(200)
expense Exercise of stock	-	-	65,746		-	-	-	65,746
options	8,936	127,628	114,376		-	-	-	250,940
Sale of treasury stock	-	-	88,162		-	-	35,400	123,562
Purchase of treasury stock		-	-		-	-	(553,193)	(553,193)
Conversion Class C to Class A	_		_		_	_		(353,253)
September 30, 2019	\$ 30,654,596	\$ 4,508,336	\$ 42,626,015	\$	(1,542)	\$104,228,749	\$ (943,764)	\$ 181,072,390

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

## SECURITY NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ende	d September 30
	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net cash used in operating activities	\$(164,589,158)	\$ (62,865,938)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of fixed maturity securities	(56,899,073)	(27,227,180)
Sales, calls and maturities of fixed maturity securities	75,523,084	19,444,922
Purchases of equity securities	(6,492,243)	(3,521,610)
Sales of equity securities	2,011,568	1,691,231
Net changes in restricted assets	(2,650,188)	(514,574)
Net changes in perpetual care trusts	(870,485)	(111,076)
Mortgage loans held for investment, other investments and policy loans made	(486,189,616)	(421,682,247)
Payments received for mortgage loans held for investment, other investments and policy		
loans	478,445,833	410,303,611
Purchases of property and equipment	(1,111,360)	(931,691)
Sales of property and equipment	-	51,104
Purchases of real estate	(27,528,643)	(6,465,802)
Sales of real estate	13,052,416	8,291,147
Cash paid for purchase of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	-	(3,261,788)
Net cash used in investing activities	(12,708,707)	(23,933,953)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Investment contract receipts	8,656,037	9,628,472
Investment contract withdrawals	(13,759,734)	(13,282,143)
Proceeds from stock options exercised	10,892	298,113
Purchases of treasury stock	(1,100,827)	(840,301)
Repayment of bank and other loans	(251,041,466)	(139,046,605)
Proceeds from bank borrowings	329,672,821	149,304,399
Net change in warehouse line borrowings for loans held for sale	128,600,308	62,987,462
Net cash provided by financing activities	201,038,031	69,049,397
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash		
equivalents	23,740,166	(17,750,494)
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at beginning of		150 000 070
period	137,735,673	150,936,673
	137,735,673	150,936,673
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i
	\$ 161,475,839	i
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the year for:	\$ 161,475,839	\$ 133,186,179
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the year for: Interest	\$ 161,475,839 \$ 5,917,344	\$ 133,186,179 \$ 5,292,868
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the year for:	\$ 161,475,839	\$ 133,186,179 \$ 5,292,868
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the year for: Interest Income taxes (net of refunds)	\$ 161,475,839 \$ 5,917,344	\$ 133,186,179 \$ 5,292,868
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the year for: Interest Income taxes (net of refunds) Non Cash Operating, Investing and Financing Activities:	\$ 161,475,839 \$ 5,917,344 4,995,073	\$ 133,186,179 \$ 5,292,868 3,350,434
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the year for: Interest Income taxes (net of refunds) Non Cash Operating, Investing and Financing Activities: Transfer of loans held for sale to mortgage loans held for investment	\$ 161,475,839 \$ 5,917,344 4,995,073 \$ 9,170,610	\$ 133,186,179 \$ 5,292,868 3,350,434 \$
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the year for: Interest Income taxes (net of refunds) Non Cash Operating, Investing and Financing Activities: Transfer of loans held for sale to mortgage loans held for investment Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities	\$ 161,475,839 \$ 5,917,344 4,995,073 \$ 9,170,610 4,796,580	\$ 133,186,179 \$ 5,292,866 3,350,434 \$ 13,441,537
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the year for: Interest Income taxes (net of refunds) Non Cash Operating, Investing and Financing Activities: Transfer of Ioans held for sale to mortgage Ioans held for investment Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease Ilabilities Benefit plans funded with treasury stock	\$ 161,475,839 \$ 5,917,344 4,995,073 \$ 9,170,610 4,796,580 2,683,974	\$ 133,186,179 \$ 5,292,866 3,350,434 \$ 13,441,537 578,853
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the year for: Interest Income taxes (net of refunds) Non Cash Operating, Investing and Financing Activities: Transfer of loans held for sale to mortgage loans held for investment Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities Benefit plans funded with treasury stock Mortgage loans held for investment foreclosed into real estate held for investment	\$ 161,475,839 \$ 5,917,344 4,995,073 \$ 9,170,610 4,796,580 2,683,974 686,124	\$ 133,186,179 \$ 5,292,866 3,350,434 \$ 13,441,537 578,853 1,410,499
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the year for: Interest Income taxes (net of refunds) Non Cash Operating, Investing and Financing Activities: Transfer of loans held for sale to mortgage loans held for investment Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities Benefit plans funded with treasury stock Mortgage loans held for investment foreclosed into real estate held for investment Accrued real estate construction costs and retainage	\$ 161,475,839 \$ 5,917,344 4,995,073 \$ 9,170,610 4,796,80 2,683,974 686,124 347,826	\$ 133,186,179 \$ 5,292,868 3,350,434 \$ - 13,441,537 578,853 1,410,499 689,291
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the year for: Interest Income taxes (net of refunds) Non Cash Operating, Investing and Financing Activities: Transfer of loans held for sale to mortgage loans held for investment Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities Benefit plans funded with treasury stock Mortgage loans held for investment foreclosed into real estate held for investment	\$ 161,475,839 \$ 5,917,344 4,995,073 \$ 9,170,610 4,796,580 2,683,974 686,124	3,350,434

See Note 15 regarding non cash transactions included in the acquisition of Probst Family Funeral and Cremations and Heber Valley Funeral Home.

#### SECURITY NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (Unaudited)

Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents as shown in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows is presented in the table below:

	1	line Months End	ed Sep	otember 30
		2020		2019
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	151,686,960	\$	123,178,762
Restricted assets		8,468,191		9,166,838
Cemetery perpetual care trust investments		1,320,688		840,579
Total cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents	\$	161,475,839	\$	133,186,179

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

## 1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Articles 8 and 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Company and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2019, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K (File Number 000-09341). In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the nine months ended for the year ending December 31, 2020.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to adopt policies and make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. In applying these policies and estimates, the Company makes judgments that frequently require assumptions about matters that are inherently uncertain. The novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") spread rapidly across the world in the first, second and third guarters of 2020 and was declared a pandemic (the "COVID-19 Pandemic") by the World Health Organization. The government and private sector responses to contain its spread began to affect the Company's operations in March, have continued to affect the Company's operations and will likely continue to affect nearly all of the Company's operations, although such effects may vary significantly. The duration and extent of the effects over longer terms cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The risks and uncertainties resulting from the pandemic that may affect the Company's future earnings, cash flows, and financial condition include the nature and duration of the curtailment or closure of the Company's various facilities and the long-term effect on the demand for the Company's products and services. Accordingly, significant estimates used in the preparation of the Company's financial statements may be subject to significant adjustments in future periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant changes in the near term are those used in determining the value of derivative assets and liabilities; those used in determining deferred acquisition costs and the value of business acquired; those used in determining the value of mortgage loans foreclosed to real estate held for investment; those used in determining the liability for future policy benefits; those used in determining the value of mortgage servicing rights; those used in determining the value of mortgage loans held for sale securities; those used in determining the value of mortgage loans held for investment; those used in determining the value of mortgage loans held for investment; those used in determining loan losses for mortgage loans held for investment; those used in determining deferred tax assets and liabilities. Although some variability is inherent in these estimates, management believes the amounts provided are fairly stated in all material respects.

#### 2) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

## Accounting Standards Adopted in 2020

ASU No. 2018-13: "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework-Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement" – Issued in August 2018, ASU 2018-13 modifies the disclosure requirements of Topic 820 by removing, modifying or adding certain disclosures. Among the changes, entities will no longer be required to disclose the amount of and reasons for transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, but will be required to disclose the range and weighted average used to develop significant unobservable inputs for Level 3 fair value measurements. ASU 2018-13 does not change the fair value measurements already required or permitted by existing standards. The Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2020. The adoption of this standard did not materially impact the Company's financial statements. See Note 8 for the Company's fair value disclosures.



## 2) Recent Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

## Accounting Standards Adopted in 2019

<u>ASU No. 2016-02: "Leases (Topic 842)"</u> - Issued in February 2016, ASU 2016-02 supersedes the requirements in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 840, "Leases", and was issued to increase transparency and comparability among organizations. The new standard sets forth the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases for both lessees and lessors. ASU 2016-02 requires lessees to classify leases as either finance or operating leases and to record on the balance sheet right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, equal to the present value of the remaining lease payments. The lease classification will determine whether the lease expense is recognized based on an effective interest rate met hod or a straight-line basis over the term of the leases. The FASB further clarified ASU 2016-02 and provided targeted improvements by issuing ASU 2018-01, ASU 2018-10, ASU 2018-11 and ASU 2018-20.

The Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective transition method with no cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. Under this transition method, the application date was the beginning of the reporting period, January 1, 2019, in which the Company first applied the standard. Under this transition option, the Company will apply the legacy guidance in ASC 840, "Leases", including its disclosure requirements, in the comparative periods presented in the year of adoption. The Company has made an accounting policy election not to apply the recognition requirements to short-term leases, which are leases that, at the commencement date, have a lease term of 12 months or less and do not include an option to purchase the underlying assets that the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise. The new authoritative guidance allows for certain practical expedients to be utilized to assist with the implementation of the new standard. The Company has elected the transition package of practical expedients which allows the Company to not reassess whether any expired or existing contracts are or contain leases, to not reassess the lease classification for any expired or existing leases and to not reassess initial direct costs for any existing leases.

The Company implemented a third-party lease accounting system to assist with the measurement of the lease liabilities and the related right-of-use assets. The Company compiled an inventory of its leases, determined the appropriate discount rates and has determined the impact of this standard which is not material to the Company's results of operations, but has an effect on the balance sheet presentation for leased assets and obligations. The Company recognized a right-of-use asset and related lease liability for approximately \$12,076,000 on January 1, 2019. This standard did not impact the Company's accounting for leases where the Company is the lessor.

#### Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Adopted

ASU No. 2016-13: "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326)" - Issued in September 2016, ASU 2016-13 amends guidance on reporting credit losses for assets held at amortized cost basis (such as mortgage loans and held to maturity debt securities) and available for sale debt securities. For assets held at amortized cost basis, Topic 326 eliminates the probable initial recognition threshold in current GAAP and, instead, requires an entity to reflect its current estimate of all expected credit losses. The allowance for credit losses is a valuation account that is deducted from the amortized cost basis of the financial assets to present the net amount expected to be collected. For available for sale debt securities, credit losses should be measured in a manner similar to current GAAP; however, Topic 326 will require that credit losses be presented as an allowance rather than as a write-down. In November 2019, the FASB issued an update to ASU No. 2016-13 that made the ASU effective for the Company on January 1, 2023. The Company is in the process of evaluating the potential impact of this standard, especially as it relates to mortgage loans held for investment.

## 2) <u>Recent Accounting Pronouncements</u> (Continued)

ASU No. 2018-12: "Financial Services – Insurance (Topic 944): Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Long-Duration Contracts" – Issued in August 2018, ASU 2018-12 is intended to improve the timeliness of recognizing changes in the liability for future policy benefits on traditional long-duration contracts by requiring that assumptions be updated after contract inception and by modifying the rate used to discount future cash flows. The ASU will simplify and improve the accounting for certain market-based options or guarantees associated with deposit or account balance contracts, simplify amortization of deferred acquisition costs while improving and expanding required disclosures. In November 2020, the FASB issued an update to ASU No. 2018-12 that made the ASU effective for the Company on January 1, 2025. The Company is in the process of evaluating the potential impact of this standard.

The Company has reviewed other recent accounting pronouncements and has determined that they will not significantly impact the Company's results of operations or financial position.

## 3) Investments

The Company's investments as of September 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

September 30. 2020 Fixed maturity securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies         \$ 92,395,469         \$ 2.059,112         \$ 94,454,500           Obligations of states and political subdivisions         5,765,286         322,2859         (1,792)         6,086,333           Corporate securities including public utilities         189,323,616         24,248,388         (2,137,953)         211,434,500           Mortgage-backed securities         31,887,810         1,313,395         (499,496)         32,701,709           Redeemable preferred stock         269,214         3,530         (32,500)         240,244           Total fried maturity securities available for sale         5         310,641,394         5         2,79,47,774         5         (1,792)         344,917,387           Equity securities at estimated fair value:         2         3,530         (32,500)         240,244           Total field maturity securities at estimated fair value:         5         11,304,152         5         1,845,615         5         (1,934,161)         11,215,606           Total equity securities at estimated fair value:         5         11,304,152         5         1,845,615         5         (1,934,161)         11,215,606           Mortgage bans held for investment at amortized cost:         Residential         4,378,338         12,203,836		Ar	mortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gro	ss Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
Government agencies         \$ 9,2,395,468         \$ 2,059,112         \$ 9,4,456,580           Obligations of states and political subdivisions         5,755,266         322,859         (1,722)         6,066,353           Corporate securities including public utilities         199,323,616         24,248,838         (2,137,953)         221,434,501           Mortgage-backed securities         31,887,810         1,313,395         (499,496)         32,701,709           Redeemable preferred stock         269,214         3,530         (32,500)         240,244           Total fixed maturity securities available for sale         \$ 319,641,394         \$ 27,947,734         \$ (2,671,741)         344,917,387           Equity securities at estimated fair value:         Common stock:         \$ 11,304,152         \$ 1,845,615         \$ (1,934,161)         11,215,606           Total equity securities at estimated fair value         \$ 11,304,152         \$ 1,845,615         \$ (1,934,161)         11,215,606           Mortgage loans held for investment a amortized cost:         \$ 80,051,914         \$ 120,298,836         \$ (1,148,62)         \$ 11,215,606           Total equity securities at estimated fair value         \$ 120,298,836         \$ (2,066,481)         \$ (2,066,481)         \$ (2,066,481)           Less: Momontrized deferred loan fees, net         (905,018)         \$ (2,066,27	Fixed maturity securities, available for sale, at estimated						
Corporate securities including public utilities         189,323,616         24,248,838         (2,137,953)         211,434,501           Mortgage-backed securities         31,887,810         1,313,395         (499,496)         32,701,709           Redeemable preferred stock         269,214         3,530         (32,500)         240,244           Total fixed maturity securities available for sale         5         319,641,394         \$         27,947,734         \$         (2,671,741)         334,917,387           Equity securities at estimated fair value:         Common stock:         \$         11,304,152         \$         1,845,615         \$         (1,934,161)         11,215,606           Total equity securities at estimated fair value         \$         11,304,152         \$         1,845,615         \$         (1,934,161)         11,215,606           Mortgage loans held for investment at amortized cost:         \$         80,051,914         \$         \$         1,845,615         \$         (1,934,161)         11,215,606           Mortgage loans held for investment         \$         22,56,03527         C         C         C         C         C         C         C         C         C         C         C         C         C         C         C         C         C         <		\$	92,395,468	\$ 2,059,112	\$		\$ 94,454,580
Mortgage-backed securities         31,887,810         1,313,395         (499,496)         32,701,709           Redeemable preferred stock         269,214         3,530         (32,500)         240,244           Total fixed maturity securities available for sale         \$ 319,641,394         \$ 27,947,734         \$ (2,671,741)         344,917,387           Equity securities at estimated fair value:         Common stock:         Industrial, miscellaneous and all other         \$ 11,304,152         \$ 1,845,615         \$ (1,934,161)         11,215,606           Total equity securities at estimated fair value         \$ 11,304,152         \$ 1,845,615         \$ (1,934,161)         11,215,606           Mortgage loans held for investment at amortized cost:         \$ 80,051,914         \$ 12,0298,366         \$ (20,66,481)         \$ 12,0298,366           Commercial         \$ 12,0298,366         \$ (2,066,481)         \$ 1,146,662)         \$ 10,146,662)           Total mortgage loans held for investment         \$ 245,609,527         \$ 10,146,662)         \$ 10,146,662)           Total mortgage loans held for investment         \$ 12,300,2683         \$ 14,234,935         \$ 14,234,935           Commercial         \$ 21,300,2683         \$ 14,234,935         \$ 14,234,935         \$ 14,234,935           Total real estate held for investment         \$ 12,300,2683         \$ 7,90,101	Obligations of states and political subdivisions		5,765,286	322,859		(1,792)	6,086,353
Redeemable preferred stock       269,214       3,530       (32,500)       240,244         Total fixed maturity securities available for sale       \$ 319,641.394       \$ 27,947,734       \$ (2,671,741)       344,917,387         Equity securities at estimated fair value:       Common stock:       Industrial, miscellaneous and all other       \$ 11,304,152       \$ 1,845,615       \$ (1,934,161)       11,215,606         Total equity securities at estimated fair value       \$ 11,304,152       \$ 1,845,615       \$ (1,934,161)       11,215,606         Mortgage loans held for investment at amortized cost:       \$ 80,051,914       \$ 120,298,866       \$ (2,066,481)       \$ 120,298,866         Commercial       49,378,938       \$ (2,066,481)       \$ 120,298,866       \$ (2,066,481)       \$ 120,298,866         Total mortgage loans held for investment       \$ 245,609,527       \$ 8 (2,066,481)       \$ 120,298,866       \$ 123,002,683         Total mortgage loans held for investment       \$ 25,166,274       \$ 123,002,683       \$ 123,002,683       \$ 123,002,683       \$ 123,002,683         Total real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683       \$ 14,234,937       \$ 14,234,937       \$ 14,234,937       \$ 14,234,937         Total real estate held for sale       \$ 7,990,181       \$ 14,234,935       \$ 14,234,935       \$ 14,234,935       \$ 14,234,935	Corporate securities including public utilities		189,323,616	24,248,838		(2,137,953)	211,434,501
Total fixed maturity securities available for sale       \$ 319,641.394       \$ 27,947,734       \$ (2,671,741)       344,917,387         Equity securities at estimated fair value:       Common stock:       Industrial, miscellaneous and all other       \$ 11,304,152       \$ 1,845,615       \$ (1,934,161)       11,215,606         Total equity securities at estimated fair value       \$ 11,304,152       \$ 1,845,615       \$ (1,934,161)       11,215,606         Mortgage loans held for investment at amortized cost:       Residential       \$ 80,051,914       \$ (2,066,481)         Less: Unamortized deferred loan fees, net       (905,018)       [2,066,481]       [2,066,481]         Less: Net discounts       (1,148,662)       [3,455,224]       [3,455,244]         Total real estate held for investment       \$ 25,166,274       [3,455,244]       [3,455,244]         Commercial       97,836,409       [3,455,244]       [4,534,937]       [3,455,244]         Total real estate held for sale:       \$ 3,455,244]       [4,534,937]       [3,455,244]       [4,534,937]         Total real estate held for sale:       \$ 1,324,935       \$ 14,324,935       [3,455,244]       [3,456,60]       [4,533,937]       [3,53,439]       [3,53,439]       [3,53,439]       [3,53,439]       [3,53,439]       [3,53,439]       [3,53,439]       [3,53,439]       [3,53,439]	Mortgage-backed securities		31,887,810	1,313,395		(499,496)	32,701,709
s       319,641,394       \$       27,947,734       \$       (2,671,741)       344,917,387         Equity securities at estimated fair value:       Common stock:       industrial, miscellaneous and all other       \$       11,304,152       \$       1,845,615       \$       (1,934,161)       11,215,606         Total equity securities at estimated fair value       \$       11,304,152       \$       1,845,615       \$       (1,934,161)       11,215,606         Mortgage loans held for investment at amortized cost:       Residential       \$       80,051,914       \$       \$       (1,934,161)       11,215,606         Mortgage loans held for investment at amortized cost:       Residential construction       120,298,836       \$       (1,934,161)       11,215,606         Commercial       49,379,338       Less: Allowance for loan losses       (2,066,41)       \$       \$       245,609,527         Real estate held for investment       \$       25,166,274       \$       \$       3,455,244         Commercial       \$       3,455,244       \$       4,534,937         Total real estate held for investment       \$       12,3002,683       \$       \$         Real estate held for sale       \$       7,990,181       \$       \$       4,534,937         To	Redeemable preferred stock		269,214	3,530		(32,500)	240,244
Common stock:       industrial, miscellaneous and all other       \$ 11.304,152 \$ 1.845,615 \$ (1,934,161)       11.215,606         Total equity securities at estimated fair value       \$ 11.304,152 \$ 1.845,615 \$ (1,934,161)       11.215,606         Mortgage loans held for investment at amortized cost:       Residential       \$ 80,051,914         Residential construction       120,298,836         Commercial       49,378,938         Less: Unamorized defered loan fees, net       (905,018)         Less: Namorized defered loan fees, net       (1,148,662)         Total mortgage loans held for investment       \$ 245,609,527         Real estate held for investment       \$ 25,166,274         Commercial       \$ 97,836,409         Total real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for sale:       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       \$ 4,534,937         Total real estate held for sale:       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments       \$ 4,686,00 <t< td=""><td>Total fixed maturity securities available for sale</td><td>\$</td><td>319,641,394</td><td>\$ 27,947,734</td><td>\$</td><td>(2,671,741)</td><td></td></t<>	Total fixed maturity securities available for sale	\$	319,641,394	\$ 27,947,734	\$	(2,671,741)	
Industrial, miscellaneous and all other       \$ 11.304,152       \$ 1.845,615       \$ (1,934,161)       11.215,606         Total equity securities at estimated fair value       \$ 11.304,152       \$ 1,845,615       \$ (1,934,161)       11.215,606         Mortgage loans held for investment at amortized cost:       \$ 80,051,914       \$ 1.202,298,836       \$ 1.202,298,836         Residential       \$ 90,051,914       \$ 1.202,298,836       \$ 1.202,298,836       \$ 1.202,298,836         Commercial       49,378,938       \$ 1.206,6481       \$ 1.205,609,5127       \$ 1.205,609,527         Total mortgage loans held for investment       \$ 245,609,527       \$ 245,609,527       \$ 1.202,298,836         Total mortgage loans held for investment       \$ 25,166,274       \$ 245,609,527         Real estate held for investment - net of accumulated depreciation:       \$ 25,166,274       \$ 1.2002,683         Total real estate held for investment       \$ 12,3002,683       \$ 1.2002,683         Real estate held for sale:       \$ 3,455,244       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       \$ 3,455,244       \$ 3,453,4937         Total real estate held for sale       \$ 7,990,181       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       \$ 14,234,935       \$ 1.4234,935         Insurance assignments       \$ 5,450,438       \$ 1.4234,935	Equity securities at estimated fair value:						
s         11,304,152         s         1,845,615         s         (1,934,161)         11,215,606           Total equity securities at estimated fair value         s         11,304,152         s         1,845,615         s         (1,934,161)         11,215,606           Mortgage loans held for investment at amortized cost:         Residential         s         80,051,914         120,298,836 <td>Common stock:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Common stock:						
s         11,304,152         s         1,845,615         s         (1,934,161)         11,215,606           Mortgage loans held for investment at amortized cost:         880,051,914         120,298,836	Industrial, miscellaneous and all other	\$	11,304,152	\$ 1,845,615	\$	(1,934,161)	\$ 11,215,606
Residential       \$ 80,051,914         Residential construction       120,298,836         Commercial       49,378,938         Less: Unamortized deferred loan fees, net       (905,018)         Less: Net discounts       (1,148,662)         Total mortgage loans held for investment       \$ 245,609,527         Real estate held for investment - net of accumulated depreciation:       97,836,409         Total real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for sale:       8 3,455,244         Commercial       97,836,409         Total real estate held for sale:       \$ 123,002,683         Rotal real estate held for sale:       \$ 14,234,937         Total real estate held for sale:       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       Policy loans         Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       \$ 5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Les	Total equity securities at estimated fair value	\$	11,304,152	\$ 1,845,615	\$	(1,934,161)	\$ 11,215,606
Residential construction       120,298,836         Commercial       49,378,938         Less: Unamortized deferred loan fees, net       (905,018)         Less: Allowance for loan losses       (2,066,481)         Less: Net discounts       (1,148,662)         Total mortgage loans held for investment       \$ 245,609,527         Real estate held for investment - net of accumulated depreciation:       # 25,166,274         Commercial       97,836,409         Total real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for sale:       # 3,455,244         Commercial       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       \$ 14,234,937         Total real estate held for sale:       # 5,53,493         Real estate held for sale:       # 5,53,493         Total real estate held for sale       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       # 5,858,660         Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       \$ 5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Total policy loans and other investments       \$ 68,008,150         Accrued investment income       \$ 5,712,998	Mortgage loans held for investment at amortized cost:						
Commercial       49,378,938         Less: Unamortized deferred loan fees, net       (905,018)         Less: Net discounts       (1,148,662)         Total mortgage loans held for investment       \$ 245,609,527         Real estate held for investment - net of accumulated depreciation:       97,836,409         Total real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for sale:       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       \$ 14,234,935         Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       \$ 45,858,660         Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)       4,066,600         Other investments       \$ 5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Total policy loans and other investments       \$ 68,008,150         Accrued investment income       \$ 5,712,998		\$					
Less: Unamortized deferred loan fees, net       (905,018)         Less: Allowance for loan losses       (2,066,481)         Less: Net discounts       (1,148,662)         Total mortgage loans held for investment       \$ 245,609,527         Real estate held for investment - net of accumulated depreciation:       97,836,409         Residential       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for sale:       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       4,534,937         Total real estate held for sale       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       Policy loans         Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       \$ 45,858,660         Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)       4,066,600         Other investments       \$ 5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Total policy loans and other investments       \$ 68,008,150         Accrued investment income       \$ 5,712,998							
Less: Net discounts       (1,148,662)         Total mortgage loans held for investment       \$ 245,609,527         Real estate held for investment - net of accumulated depreciation:       Residential         Residential       \$ 25,166,274         Commercial       97,836,409         Total real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for sale:       Residential         Residential       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       4,534,937         Total real estate held for sale       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       Policy loans         Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       45,858,660         Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)       4,066,600         Other investments       5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Total policy loans and other investments       \$ 68,008,150         Accrued investment income       \$ 5,712,998							
Total mortgage loans held for investment       \$ 245,609,527         Real estate held for investment - net of accumulated depreciation:       \$ 25,166,274         Commercial       97,836,409         Total real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for sale:       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       \$ 4,534,937         Total real estate held for sale:       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       \$ 14,234,935         Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       \$ 45,858,660         Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)       \$ 4,066,600         Other investments       \$ 5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Total policy loans and other investments       \$ 68,008,150         Accrued investment income       \$ 5,712,998	Less: Allowance for loan losses		(2,066,481)				
Real estate held for investment - net of accumulated depreciation:       \$ 25,166,274         Residential       \$ 25,166,274         Commercial       97,836,409         Total real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for sale:       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       4,534,937         Total real estate held for sale       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       Policy loans         Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       45,858,660         Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)       4,066,600         Other investments       5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Total policy loans and other investments       \$ 68,008,150         Accrued investment income       \$ 5,712,998	Less: Net discounts		(1,148,662)				
depreciation:       \$ 25,166,274         Commercial       97,836,409         Total real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for sale:       Residential         Residential       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       4,534,937         Total real estate held for sale       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       Policy loans         Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       45,858,660         Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)       4,066,600         Other investments       5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Total policy loans and other investments       \$ 68,008,150         Accrued investment income       \$ 5,712,998	Total mortgage loans held for investment	\$	245,609,527				
Commercial       97,836,409         Total real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for sale:	depreciation:						
Total real estate held for investment       \$ 123,002,683         Real estate held for sale:       * 3,455,244         Commercial       4,534,937         Total real estate held for sale       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       *         Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       45,858,660         Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)       4,066,600         Other investments       5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Total policy loans and other investments       \$ 68,008,150         Accrued investment income       \$ 5,712,998		\$					
Real estate held for sale:       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       \$ 1,534,937         Total real estate held for sale       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       Policy loans         Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       45,858,660         Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)       4,066,600         Other investments       5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Total policy loans and other investments       \$ 68,008,150         Accrued investment income       \$ 5,712,998	Commercial		97,630,409				
Residential       \$ 3,455,244         Commercial       4,534,937         Total real estate held for sale       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       Policy loans         Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       45,858,660         Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)       4,066,600         Other investments       5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Total policy loans and other investments       \$ 68,008,150         Accrued investment income       \$ 5,712,998	Total real estate held for investment	\$	123,002,683				
Commercial       4,534,937         Total real estate held for sale       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:       Policy loans         Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       45,858,660         Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)       4,066,600         Other investments       5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Total policy loans and other investments       \$ 68,008,150         Accrued investment income       \$ 5,712,998							
Total real estate held for sale       \$ 7,990,181         Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:         Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       45,858,660         Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)       4,066,600         Other investments       5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Total policy loans and other investments       \$ 68,008,150         Accrued investment income       \$ 5,712,998		\$					
Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost:     Policy loans     \$ 14,234,935       Policy loans     \$ 14,234,935       Insurance assignments     45,858,660       Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)     4,066,600       Other investments     5,450,438       Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts     (1,602,483)       Total policy loans and other investments     \$ 68,008,150       Accrued investment income     \$ 5,712,998	Commercial		4,534,937				
Policy loans       \$ 14,234,935         Insurance assignments       45,858,660         Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)       4,066,600         Other investments       5,450,438         Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts       (1,602,483)         Total policy loans and other investments       \$ 68,008,150         Accrued investment income       \$ 5,712,998	Total real estate held for sale	\$	7,990,181				
Insurance assignments     45,858,660       Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)     4,066,600       Other investments     5,450,438       Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts     (1,602,483)       Total policy loans and other investments     \$ 68,008,150       Accrued investment income     \$ 5,712,998		*	14 224 025				
Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)     4,066,600       Other investments     5,450,438       Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts     (1,602,483)       Total policy loans and other investments     \$ 68,008,150       Accrued investment income     \$ 5,712,998		Þ					
Other investments     5,450,438       Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts     (1,602,483)       Total policy loans and other investments     \$ 68,008,150       Accrued investment income     \$ 5,712,998							
Total policy loans and other investments     \$ 68,008,150       Accrued investment income     \$ 5,712,998							
Accrued investment income \$ 5,712,998	Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		(1,602,483)				
	Total policy loans and other investments	\$	68,008,150				
Total investments \$ 806,456,532	Accrued investment income	\$	5,712,998				
	Total investments	\$	806,456,532				

(1) Includes \$866,900 of Membership stock and \$3,199,700 of Activity stock due to short-term borrowings.

3) <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

The Company's investments as of December 31, 2019 are summarized as follows:

	Ar	nortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gros	ss Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
December 31, 2019:						
Fixed maturity securities, available for sale, at estimated fair value:						
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies	\$	142,740,641	\$ 632,185	\$	(25,215)	\$ 143,347,611
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		7,450,366	87,812		(9,026)	7,529,152
Corporate securities including public utilities		156,599,184	16,768,449		(463,413)	172,904,220
Mortgage-backed securities		31,475,280	597,395		(240,177)	31,832,498
Redeemable preferred stock		364,339	-		-	364,339
Total fixed maturity securities available for sale	\$	338,629,810	\$ 18,085,841	\$	(737,831)	\$ 355,977,820
Equity securities at estimated fair value:						
Common stock:						
Industrial, miscellaneous and all other	\$	6,900,537	\$ 1,139,799	\$	(769,171)	\$ 7,271,165
Total equity securities at estimated fair value	\$	6,900,537	\$ 1,139,799	\$	(769,171)	\$ 7,271,165
Mortgage loans held for investment at amortized cost:						
Residential	\$	113,043,965				
Residential construction		89,430,237				
Commercial Less: Unamortized deferred loan fees. net		38,718,220 (2,391,567)				
Less: Allowance for loan losses		(1,453,037)				
Less: Net discounts		(653,272)				
Total mortgage loans held for investment	\$	236,694,546				
Real estate held for investment - net of accumulated depreciation:						
Residential	\$	12,530,306				
Commercial		90,226,640				
Total real estate held for investment	\$	102,756,946				
Real estate held for sale:						
Residential	\$	8,021,306				
Commercial		6,076,321				
Total real estate held for sale	\$	14,097,627				
Other investments and policy loans at amortized cost: Policy loans	\$	14,762,805				
Insurance assignments	ş	41,062,965				
Federal Home Loan Bank stock (1)		894,300				
Other investments		4,973,225				
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		(1,448,026)				
Total policy loans and other investments	\$	60,245,269				
Accrued investment income	\$	4,833,232				
Total investments	\$	781,876,605				

(1) Includes \$894,300 of Membership stock and \$-0- of Activity stock due to short-term borrowings.

## 3) Investments (Continued)

## **Fixed Maturity Securities**

The following tables summarize unrealized losses on fixed maturity securities available for sale, which were carried at estimated fair value, at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The unrealized losses were primarily related to interest rate fluctuations and uncertainties relating to COVID-19. The tables set forth unrealized losses by duration with the fair value of the related fixed maturity securities:

	Ī	Jnrealized Losses for Less than Twelve Months	Fair Value			Unrealized Losses for More than Twelve Months			Fair Value	Total Unrealized Loss	Fair Value
At September 30, 2020					_						
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions	\$	1,792	\$	207,330		\$	-	:	\$-	\$ 1,792	\$ 207,330
Corporate Securities		1,305,034		28,511,620			832,919		3,366,248	2,137,953	31,877,868
Mortgage and other asset-backed securities		476,698		5,601,677			22,798		401,217	499,496	6,002,894
Redeemable preferred stock		32,500		217,500			-		-	32,500	217,500
Total unrealized losses	\$	1,816,024	\$	34,538,127	1	\$	855,717	\$	3,767,465	\$ 2,671,741	\$ 38,305,592
At December 31, 2019											
U.S. Treasury Securities and Obligations											
of U.S. Government Agencies	\$	20,211	\$	30,629,288	1	\$	5,004	\$	10,000,400	\$ 25,215	\$ 40,629,688
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions		9,026		3,062,889			-		-	9,026	3,062,889
Corporate Securities		118,746		7,184,311			344,667		3,950,509	463,413	11,134,820
Mortgage and other asset-backed securities		205,470		13,266,443			34,707		502,769	240,177	13,769,212
Total unrealized losses	\$	353,453	\$	54,142,931	1	\$	384,378	\$	14,453,678	\$ 737,831	\$ 68,596,609

There were 113 securities with fair value of 93.5% of amortized cost at September 30, 2020. There were 93 securities with fair value of 98.9% of amortized cost at December 31, 2019. No credit losses have been recognized for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

On a quarterly basis, the Company evaluates its fixed maturity securities available for sale. This evaluation includes a review of current ratings by the National Association of Insurance Commissions ("NAIC"). Securities with a rating of 1 or 2 are considered investment grade and are not reviewed for impairment. Securities with ratings of 3 to 5 are evaluated for impairment. Securities with a rating of 6 are automatically determined to be impaired and are written down. The evaluation involves an analysis of the securities in relation to historical values, interest payment history, projected earnings and revenue growth rates as well as a review of the reason for a downgrade in the NAIC rating. Based on the analysis of a security that is rated 3 to 5, a determination is made whether the security will likely make interest and principal payments in accordance with the terms of the financial instrument. If it is unlikely that the security will meet contractual obligations, the loss is considered to be other than temporary, the security is written down to the new anticipated market value and an impairment loss is recognized. Impairment losses are treated as credit losses as the Company holds fixed maturity securities to maturity unless the underlying conditions have changed in the financial instrument to require an impairment.

The fair values of fixed maturity securities are based on quoted market prices, when available. For fixed maturity securities not actively traded, fair values are estimated using values obtained from independent pricing services, or in the case of private placements, are estimated by discounting expected future cash flows using a current market value applicable to the coupon rate, credit and maturity of the investments.

## 3) Investments (Continued)

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of fixed maturity securities available for sale, at September 30, 2020, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because certain borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	Amortized Cost	Es	stimated Fair Value
Due in 1 year	\$ 50,670,550	\$	51,171,942
Due in 2-5 years	74,293,341		77,094,479
Due in 5-10 years	85,128,399		92,517,720
Due in more than 10			
years	77,392,080		91,191,293
Mortgage-backed securities	31,887,810		32,701,709
Redeemable preferred	51,007,010		52,701,709
stock	269,214		240,244
Total	\$ 319,641,394	\$	344,917,387

The Company is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Des Moines and Dallas ("FHLB"). The Company pledged a total of \$90,000,000, par value, of United States Treasury fixed maturity securities with the FHLB at September 30, 2020. These securities are used as collateral on any cash borrowings from the FHLB. As of September 30, 2020, the Company owed \$88,000,000 to the FHLB and its estimated remaining maximum borrowing capacity was \$384,000.

#### **Investment Related Earnings**

The Company's net realized gains and losses from sales, calls, and maturities, unrealized gains and losses on equity securities, and other than temporary impairments are summarized as follows:

	Three	Months End	ed Sep	tember 30	Nine Months Ended September				
		2020		2019		2020	2019		
Fixed maturity securities:									
Gross realized gains	\$	50,171	\$	113,849	\$	201,130	\$	362,475	
Gross realized losses		(39,130)		(16,814)		(51,219)		(121,829)	
Equity securities:									
Gains (losses) on securities sold		95,331		85,998		(12,141)		138,662	
Unrealized gains and (losses) on									
securities held at the end of the period		511,168		(98,635)		(512,629)		676,589	
Other assets:									
Gross realized gains		1,480,053		472,691	1,985,817			2,265,914	
Gross realized losses	()	1,297,086)	(1,076,762)		(1,784,419)			(3,060,716)	
Total	\$	800,507	\$	(519,673)	\$	(173,461)	\$ 261,095		

The net realized gains and losses on the sale of securities are recorded on the trade date, and the cost of the securities sold is determined using the specific identification method.

On December 31, 2019, the Company changed the classification of its bond and preferred stock investments from held to maturity to available for sale based on the Company's need to be able to respond proactively to market risks in managing its portfolio. Proceeds received from the sale of fixed maturity available for sale securities for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, were \$2,967,531, and resulted in gross realized gains and gross realized losses of \$149,641 and \$1,043, respectively. The carrying amount of held to maturity securities sold for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 was \$2,724,199 and the net realized loss related to these sales was \$12,394.

## 3) Investments (Continued)

Major categories of net investment income are as follows:

	Three Months End	ded September 30	Nine Months Ende	ed September 30
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Fixed maturity securities	\$ 3,191,064	\$ 2,563,481	\$ 9,258,850	\$ 7,596,035
Equity securities	126,369	74,629	329,534	227,280
Mortgage loans held for investment	6,918,081	4,558,232	18,154,123	13,187,416
Real estate held for investment	2,998,806	2,259,064	8,940,072	6,266,286
Policy loans	264,422	113,541	755,914	308,583
Insurance assignments	4,561,574	3,851,804	13,244,176	11,970,755
Other investments	-	-	25,421	106,678
Cash and cash equivalents	65,460	398,997	385,848	1,363,873
Gross investment income	18,125,776	13,819,748	51,093,938	41,026,906
Investment expenses	(3,416,634)	(3,341,182)	(10,021,552)	(9,965,837)
Net investment income	\$ 14,709,142	\$ 10,478,566	\$ 41,072,386	\$ 31,061,069

Net investment income includes income earned by the restricted assets cemeteries and mortuaries of \$129,347 and \$102,888 for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and \$380,079 and \$323,404 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Net investment income on real estate consists primarily of rental revenue.

Investment expenses consist primarily of depreciation, property taxes, operating expenses of real estate and an estimated portion of administrative expenses relating to investment activities.

Securities on deposit with regulatory authorities as required by law amounted to \$9,735,147 at September 30, 2020 and \$9,633,818 at December 31, 2019. These restricted securities are included in various assets under investments on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

There were no investments, aggregated by issuer, in excess of 10% of shareholders' equity (before net unrealized gains and losses on equity securities and fixed maturity securities) at September 30, 2020, other than investments issued or guaranteed by the United States Government.

## Real Estate Held for Investment and Held for Sale

The Company continues to strategically deploy resources into real estate to match the income and yield durations of its primary obligations. The sources for these real estate assets come through its various business units in the form of acquisition, development and mortgage foreclosures.

#### Commercial Real Estate Held for Investment and Held for Sale

The Company owns and manages commercial real estate assets as a means of generating investment income. These assets are acquired in accordance with the Company's goals and objectives for risk-adjusted returns. Due diligence is conducted on each asset using internal and third-party reports. Geographic locations and asset classes of the investment activity is determined by senior management under the direction of the Board of Directors.

The Company employs full-time employees to attend to the day-to-day operations of those assets within the greater Salt Lake area and close surrounding markets. The Company utilizes third party property managers when the geographic boundary does not warrant full-time staff or through strategic lease-up periods. The Company generally looks to acquire assets in regions that are high growth regions for employment and population and in assets that provide operational efficiencies.

The Company currently owns and operates 12 commercial properties in 5 states. These properties include office buildings, an assisted living facility, a funeral home, flex office space, and includes the redevelopment and expansion of its corporate campus ("Center53") in Salt Lake City, Utah. The Company also holds undeveloped land that may be

## 3) Investments (Continued)

used for future commercial developments. The Company uses bank debt in strategic cases to leverage established yields or to acquire a higher quality or different class of asset.

The aggregated net ending balance of commercial real estate that serves as collateral for bank borrowings was approximately \$70,054,000 and \$87,815,000 as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. The associated bank loan carrying values totaled approximately \$46,681,000 and \$54,917,000 as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

During the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company recorded impairment losses on commercial real estate held for sale of \$800,000 and \$790,827, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company recorded impairment losses on commercial real estate held for sale of \$846,980 and \$2,658,024, respectively. These impairment losses relate to an office building held by the life insurance segment. Impairment losses are included in gains (losses) on investment and other assets on the condensed consolidated statements of earnings.

The following is a summary of the Company's commercial real estate held for investment for the periods presented:

		Net Ending	g Ba	alance	Total Square Footage						
	Se	September 30 December 31 S				nber 30	December 31				
		2020		2019	20	20	2019				
Louisiana	\$	5,889,327	\$	6,009,079	1	25,114	125	,114			
Mississippi		2,932,976		2,951,478		21,521	21	,521			
Utah (1)		89,014,106	;	81,266,083	4	62,730	465	,230			
	\$	97.836.409	\$	90.226.640	6	509.365	611	865			

(1) Includes Center53 phase 1 completed in July 2017 and phase 2 which is under construction

## 3) Investments (Continued)

The following is a summary of the Company's commercial real estate held for sale for the periods presented:

		Net Ending	Ba	lance	To	tal Squar	e Footage
	Sep	tember 30	D	December	Septem	ber 30	December 31
		2020		31 2019	20	20	2019
Arizona (1)	\$	-	\$	2,500		-	-
Kansas		4,000,000		4,800,000	:	222,679	222,679
Mississippi		234,937		318,322		12,300	12,300
Nevada		-		655,499		-	4,800
Texas (2)		300,000		300,000		-	-
	\$	4,534,937	\$	6,076,321		234,979	239,779

#### (1) Undeveloped land

(2) Improved commercial

pad

These properties are all actively being marketed with the assistance of commercial real estate brokers in the markets where the properties are located. The Company expects these properties to sell within the coming 12 months.

## Residential Real Estate Held for Investment and Held for Sale

The Company owns a portfolio of residential homes primarily as a result of loan foreclosures. The strategy has been to lease these homes to produce cash flow and allow time for the economic fundamentals to return to the various markets. As an orderly and active market for these homes returns, the Company has the option to dispose or to continue and hold them for cash flow and acceptable returns. The Company also invests in residential subdivision developments.

The Company established Security National Real Estate Services ("SNRE") to manage the residential portfolio. SNRE cultivates and maintains the preferred vendor relationships necessary to manage costs and quality of work performed on the portfolio of homes across the country.

As of September 30, 2020, SNRE manages 19 residential properties in 5 states across the United States.

The net ending balance of foreclosed residential real estate included in residential real estate held for investment and sale is \$6,256,000 and \$12,434,000 as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

During the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 the Company recorded impairment losses on residential real estate held for investment of \$-0- and \$125,980, respectively, and during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 the Company recorded impairment losses on residential real estate held for investment of \$43,394 and \$125,980, respectively. Impairment losses, if any, are included in gains (losses) on investment and other assets on the condensed consolidated statements of earnings.

## 3) Investments (Continued)

The following is a summary of the Company's residential real estate held for investment for the periods presented:

		Net Ending	alance					
	Se	ptember 30	December 31					
		2020		2019				
Florida	\$	1,261,975	\$	2,487,723				
Nevada		686,124		293,516				
Utah (1)		22,931,994		9,462,886				
Washington		286,181		286,181				
	\$	25,166,274	\$	12,530,306				

(1) Includes subdivision land developments

The following is a summary of the Company's residential real estate held for sale for the periods presented:

		Net Ending	Balance
	Sep	tember 30	December 31
		2020	2019
California		-	640,452
Florida		1,104,936	1,300,641
Nevada		293,516	-
Ohio		10,000	10,000
Utah		2,046,792	5,880,213
Washington		-	190,000
	\$	3,455,244	\$ 8,021,306

## 3) Investments (Continued)

These properties are all actively being marketed with the assistance of residential real estate brokers in the markets where the properties are located. The Company expects these properties to sell within the coming 12 months.

## Real Estate Owned and Occupied by the Company

The primary business units of the Company occupy a portion of the real estate owned by the Company. As of September 30, 2020, real estate owned and occupied by the Company is summarized as follows:

Location	Business Segment	Approximate Square Footage	Square Footage Occupied by the Company
121 W. Election Rd., Draper, UT	Corporate Offices, Life Insurance and Cemetery/Mortuary Operations	78,979	18%
5201 Green Street, Salt Lake City, UT (1)	Life Insurance and Mortgage Operations	39,157	73%
1044 River Oaks Dr., Flowood, MS	Life Insurance Operations	19,694	28%
1818 Marshall Street, Shreveport, LA (1)(2)	Life Insurance Operations	12,274	100%
909 Foisy Street, Alexandria, LA (1)(2)	Life Insurance Sales	8,059	100%
812 Sheppard Street, Minden, LA (1)(2)	Life Insurance Sales	1,560	100%
1550 N 3rd Street, Jena, LA (1)(2)	Life Insurance Sales	1,737	100%

(1) Included in property and equipment on the condensed consolidated balance sheets

(2) See Note 15 regarding the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company

#### Mortgage Loans Held for Investment

Mortgage loans held for investment consist of first and second mortgages. The mortgage loans bear interest at rates ranging from 2.0% to 10.5%, maturity dates range from nine months to 30 years and are secured by real estate. Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of mortgage loan debtors have similar economic characteristics that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic conditions. Although the Company has a diversified mortgage loan portfolio consisting of residential mortgages, commercial loans and residential construction loans and requires collateral on all real estate exposures, a substantial portion of its debtors' ability to honor obligations is reliant on the economic stability of the geographic region in which the debtors do business. At September 30, 2020, the Company had 62%, 11%, 8%, 3%, 5% and 3% of its mortgage loans from borrowers located in the states of Utah, Florida, Texas, California, Nevada, and Arizona, respectively. At December 31, 2019, the Company had 48%, 16%, 10%, 6%, 6% and 5% of its mortgage loans from borrowers located in the states of Utah, Florida, Texas, California, Nevada and Arizona, respectively.

Mortgage loans held for investment are carried at their unpaid principal balances adjusted for net deferred fees, charge-offs, premiums, discounts and the related allowance for loan losses. Interest income is included in net investment income on the condensed consolidated statements of earnings and is recognized when earned. The Company defers related material loan origination fees, net of related direct loan origination costs, and amortizes the net fees over the term of the loans. Origination fees are included in net investment income on the condensed consolidated statements of earnings.

Mortgage loans are secured by the underlying property and require an appraisal at the time of underwriting and funding. Generally, the Company will fund a loan not to exceed 80% of the loan's collateral fair market value. Amounts over 80% will require additional collateral or mortgage insurance by an approved third-party insurer.

The Company provides for losses on its mortgage loans held for investment through an allowance for loan losses (a contra-asset account). The allowance is comprised of two components. The first component is an allowance for collectively evaluated impairment that is based upon the Company's historical experience in collecting similar receivables. The second component is based upon individual evaluation of loans that are determined to be impaired. Upon determining impairment, the Company establishes an individual impairment allowance based upon an assessment of the fair value of the underlying collateral. In addition, when a mortgage loan is past due more than 90

## 3) Investments (Continued)

days, the Company does not accrue any interest income. When a loan becomes delinquent, the Company proceeds to foreclose on the real estate and all expenses for foreclosure are expensed as incurred. Once foreclosed, an adjustment for the lower of cost or fair value is made, if necessary, and the amount is classified as real estate held for investment or held for sale.

The allowance for losses on mortgage loans held for investment could change based on changes in the value of the underlying collateral, the performance status of the loans, or the Company's actual collection experience. The actual losses could change, in the near term, from the established allowance, based upon the occurrence or non-occurrence of these events.

For purposes of determining the allowance for losses, the Company has segmented its mortgage loans held for investment by loan type. The Company's loan types are commercial, residential, and residential construction. The inherent risks within the portfolio vary depending upon the loan type as follows:

<u>Commercial</u> - Underwritten in accordance with the Company's policies to determine the borrower's ability to repay the obligation as agreed. Commercial loans are made primarily based on the underlying collateral supporting the loan. Accordingly, the repayment of a commercial loan depends primarily on the collateral and its ability to generate income and secondary on the borrower's (or guarantors) ability to repay.

<u>Residential</u> - Secured by family dwelling units. These loans are secured by first mortgages on the unit, which are generally the primary residence of the borrower, generally at a loan-to-value ratio ("LTV") of 80% or less.

<u>Residential construction (including land acquisition and development)</u> – Underwritten in accordance with the Company's underwriting policies which include a financial analysis of the builders, borrowers (guarantors), construction cost estimates, and independent appraisal valuations. These loans will rely on the value associated with the project upon completion. These cost and valuation estimates may be inaccurate. Construction loans generally involve the disbursement of substantial funds over a short period of time with repayment substantially dependent upon the success of the completed project and the ability of the borrower to secure long-term financing. Additionally, land is underwritten according to the Company's policies, which include independent appraisal valuations as well as the estimated value associated with the land upon completion of development into finished lots. These cost and valuation estimates may be inaccurate. These loans are considered to be of a higher risk than other mortgage loans due to their ultimate repayment being sensitive to general economic conditions, availability of long-term or construction financing, and interest rate sensitivity.

## 3) Investments (Continued)

The Company establishes a valuation allowance for credit losses in its mortgage loans held for investment portfolio. The following is a summary of the allowance for loan losses as a contra-asset account for the periods presented:

		Commercial	Residential			Residential Construction		Total
September 30, 2020								
Allowance for credit losses:								
Beginning balance - January 1, 2020	\$	187,129	\$	1,222,706	\$	43,202	\$	1,453,037
Charge-offs		-		-		-		-
Provision				613,444		-		613,444
Ending balance - September 30, 2020	\$	187,129	\$	1,836,150	\$	43,202	\$	2,066,481
Ending balance: individually evaluated for	\$		\$	238.997	\$		\$	238.997
impairment	Þ		þ	238,997			-p	230,997
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for	\$	187,129	¢	1 507 152	¢	43,202	\$	1,827,484
impairment	Þ	107,129	\$	1,597,153	\$	43,202	\$	1,027,404
Mortgage loans:								
Ending balance	\$	49,378,938	\$	80,051,914	\$	120,298,836	\$ 2	249,729,688
Ending balance: individually evaluated for								
impairment	\$	3,414,719	\$	5,193,865	\$	630,574	\$	9,239,158
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for								
impairment	\$	45,964,219	\$	74,858,049	\$	119,668,262	\$2	240,490,530
December 31, 2019								
Allowance for credit losses:								
Beginning balance - January 1, 2019	\$	187,129	\$	1,125,623	\$	35,220	\$	1,347,972
Charge-offs		-		(32,692)		-		(32,692)
Provision		-		129,775		7,982		137,757
Ending balance - December 31, 2019	\$	187,129	\$	1,222,706	\$	43,202	\$	1,453,037
Ending balance: individually evaluated for								
impairment	\$	<u> </u>	\$	195,993	\$	-	\$	195,993
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for								
impairment	\$	187,129	\$	1,026,713	\$	43,202	\$	1,257,044
Mortgage loans:								
Ending balance	\$	38,718,220	\$	113,043,965	\$	89,430,237	\$ 2	241,192,422
Ending balance: individually evaluated for								
impairment	\$	4,488,719	\$	3,752,207	\$	655,000	\$	8,895,926
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for								
impairment	\$	34,229,501	\$	109,291,758	\$	88,775,237	\$ 2	232,296,496
		24						

## 3) Investments (Continued)

The following is a summary of the aging of mortgage loans held for investment for the periods presented:

	3	0-59 Days	60-89 Days	Greater Than	In Process of	Total				Total	Allowance for	namortized ferred loan	Ur	namortized	Ne	Mortgage
		Past Due	Past Due	90 Days (1)	Foreclosure (1)	Past Due		Current	Mor	rtgage Loans	Loan Losses	fees, net	dis	scounts, net		Loans
September 30,	2020	)														
Commercial	\$	255,858	\$ 495,937	\$ 3,414,719	\$-	\$ 4,166,514	1 \$	45,212,424	\$	49,378,938	\$ (187,129)	\$ (43,338)	\$	(828,049)	\$	48,320,422
Residential		5,261,818	1,930,361	3,745,621	1,448,244	12,386,044	ŧ	67,665,870		80,051,914	(1,836,150)	(521,661)		(320,613)		77,373,490
Residential																
Construction		276,403	1,630,000	630,574	-	2,536,977	1	117,761,859		120,298,836	(43,202)	(340,019)		-		119,915,615
Total	\$	5,794,079	\$ 4,056,298	\$ 7,790,914	\$ 1,448,244	\$ 19,089,535	\$ ذ	230,640,153	\$	249,729,688	\$ (2,066,481)	\$ (905,018)	\$	(1,148,662)	\$	245,609,527
December 31, 2																
Commercial	\$	1,872,000 \$	; -	\$ 4,488,719	\$ -	\$ 6,360,719	9\$	32,357,501	\$	38,718,220	\$ (187,129)	\$ (88,918)	\$	(653,272)	\$	37,788,901
Residential		10,609,296	4,085,767	2,100,742	1,651,465	18,447,270	)	94,596,695		113,043,965	(1,222,706)	(1,567,581)		-		110,253,678
Residential																
Construction		-	-	655,000	-	655,000	)	88,775,237		89,430,237	(43,202)	(735,068)		-		88,651,967
Total	\$	12,481,296	\$ 4,085,767	\$ 7,244,461	\$ 1,651,465	\$ 25,462,989	) \$	215,729,433	\$	241,192,422	\$ (1,453,037)	\$ (2,391,567)	\$	(653,272)	\$	236,694,546
	_								_							

(1) Interest income is not recognized on loans past due greater than 90 days or in foreclosure.

## 3) Investments (Continued)

## Impaired Mortgage Loans Held for Investment

Impaired mortgage loans held for investment include loans with a related specific valuation allowance or loans whose carrying amount has been reduced to the expected collectible amount because the impairment has been considered other than temporary. The recorded investment in and unpaid principal balance of impaired loans along with the related loan specific allowance for losses, if any, for each reporting period and the average recorded investment and interest income recognized during the time the loans were impaired were as follows:

	Recorded Investment		 Unpaid Principal Balance	Related llowance	Average Recorded nvestment	nterest Income cognized
September 30, 2020						
With no related allowance						
recorded:						
Commercial	\$	3,414,719	\$ 3,414,719	\$ -	\$ 1,772,817	\$ -
Residential		3,435,710	3,435,710	-	4,235,285	-
Residential construction		630,574	630,574	-	673,383	-
With an allowance recorded:						
Commercial	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Residential		1,758,155	1,758,155	238,997	1,186,545	-
Residential construction		-	-	-	-	-
Total:						
Commercial	\$	3,414,719	\$ 3,414,719	\$ -	\$ 1,772,817	\$ -
Residential		5,193,865	5,193,865	238,997	5,421,830	-
Residential construction		630,574	630,574	-	673,383	-
<b>D</b>						
December 31, 2019						
With no related allowance recorded:						
Commercial	\$	4,488,719	\$ 4,488,719	\$ -	\$ 1,499,043	\$ -
Residential		2,254,189	2,254,189	-	3,367,151	-
Residential construction		655,000	655,000	-	1,457,278	-
With an allowance recorded:						
Commercial	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Residential		1,498,018	1,498,018	195,993	665,270	-
Residential construction		-	-	-	-	-
Total:						
Commercial	\$	4,488,719	\$ 4,488,719	\$ -	\$ 1,499,043	\$ -
Residential		3,752,207	3,752,207	195,993	4,032,421	-
Residential construction		655,000	655,000	-	1,457,278	-
			26			

## 3) Investments (Continued)

## Credit Risk Profile Based on Performance Status

The Company's mortgage loan held for investment portfolio is monitored based on performance of the loans. Monitoring a mortgage loan increases when the loan is delinquent or earlier if there is an indication of impairment. The Company defines non-performing mortgage loans as loans 90 days or greater delinquent or on non-accrual status.

The Company's performing and non-performing mortgage loans held for investment were as follows:

	Comm	ercial	Reside	ential	Residential C	onstruction	То	otal		
-	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	September 30, 2020					December 31, 2019
Performing	\$ 45.964.219	\$ 34.229.501	\$ 74.858.049	\$ 109.291.758	\$ 119.668.262	\$ 88.775.237	\$ 240.490.530	\$ 232,296,496		
Non- performing	3.414.719	4.488.719	5.193.865	3.752.207	630.574	655.000	9.239.158	8.895.926		
performing	5,414,719	4,400,719	5,195,005	5,752,207	050,574	055,000	9,239,130	0,095,920		
Total	\$ 49,378,938	\$ 38,718,220	\$ 80,051,914	\$ 113,043,965	\$ 120,298,836	\$ 89,430,237	\$ 249,729,688	\$ 241,192,422		

## Non-Accrual Mortgage Loans Held for Investment

Once a loan is past due 90 days, it is the policy of the Company to end the accrual of interest income on the loan and write off any interest income that had been accrued. Payments received for loans on a non-accrual status are recognized on a cash basis. Interest income recognized from any payments received for loans on a non-accrual status was immaterial. Accrual of interest resumes if a loan is brought current. Interest not accrued on these loans totals approximately \$397,000 and \$203,000 as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

The following is a summary of mortgage loans held for investment on a non-accrual status for the periods presented.

	As of September 30 2020		As	of December 31 2019
Commercial	\$	3,414,719	\$	4,488,719
Residential		5,193,865		3,752,207
Residential construction		630,574		655,000
Total	\$	9,239,158	\$	8,895,926

#### 4) Loans Held for Sale

The Company has elected the fair value option for loans held for sale. Changes in the fair value of the loans are included in mortgage fee income. Interest income is recorded based on the contractual terms of the loan and in accordance with the Company's policy on mortgage loans held for investment and is included in mortgage fee income on the condensed consolidated statement of earnings. There is one loan with an unpaid principal balance of \$190,560 that is 90 or more days past due and on a nonaccrual statements for additional disclosures regarding loans held for sale.

## 4) Loans Held for Sale (Continued)

The following is a summary of the aggregate fair value and the aggregate unpaid principal balance of loans held for sale for the periods presented:

	As of	September 30 2020	As o	As of December 31 2019			
Aggregate fair value	\$	445,878,979	\$	213,457,632			
Unpaid principal balance		428,860,105		206,417,122			

### Mortgage Fee Income

Unrealized gain

Mortgage fee income consists of origination fees, processing fees, interest income and certain other income related to the origination and sale of mortgage loans held for sale.

7,040,510

Major categories of mortgage fee income for loans held for sale are as follows:

17,018,874

	Three Months Ended September 30			Nine Months Ended September 30				
		2020		2019 2020		2020		2019
Loan fees	\$	20,630,052	\$	8,438,471	\$	40,167,476	\$	22,162,455
Interest income		3,348,929		2,127,775		7,630,993		5,032,505
Secondary gains		70,627,864		27,574,294		151,215,666		66,434,923
Change in fair value of loan								
commitments		3,901,086		378,899		12,454,218		1,915,223
Change in fair value of loans held								
for sale		1,404,131		1,411,322		4,231,347		2,065,978
Provision for loan loss reserve		(1,352,438)		(195,009)		(3,489,982)		(449,894)
Mortgage fee income	\$	98,559,624	\$	39,735,752	\$	212,209,718	\$	97,161,190

## Loan Loss Reserve

When a repurchase demand corresponding to a mortgage loan previously held for sale and sold to a third-party investor is received from a third-party investor, the relevant data is reviewed and captured so that an estimated future loss can be calculated. The key factors that are used in the estimated loss calculation are as follows: (i) lien position, (ii) payment status, (iii) claim type, (iv) unpaid principal balance, (v) interest rate, and (vi) validity of the demand. Other data is captured and is useful for management purposes; the actual estimated loss is generally based on these key factors. The Company conducts its own review upon the receipt of a repurchase demand. In many instances, the Company is able to resolve the issues relating to the repurchase demand by the third-party investor without having to make any payments to the investor.

The following is a summary of the loan loss reserve that is included in other liabilities and accrued expenses:

	As of	September 30 2020	As of	December 31 2019
Balance, beginning of period	\$	4,046,288	\$	3,604,869
Provision on current loan originations (1)		3,489,982		643,284
Charge-offs, net of recaptured				
amounts		(4,527,157)		(201,865)
Balance, end of period	\$	3,009,113	\$	4,046,288
(1) Included in mortgage fee				

(1) Included in mortgage fee income

## 4) Loans Held for Sale (Continued)

The Company maintains reserves for estimated losses on current production volumes. For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, \$3,489,982 in reserves were added at a rate of 8.9 basis points per loan, the equivalent of \$890 per \$1,000,000 in loans originated. This is an increase over the nine months ended September 30, 2019, when reserves were added at a rate of 2.5 basis points per loan originated, the equivalent of \$250 per \$1,000,000 in loans originated. The economic impact of COVID-19 and subsequent government action has increased the potential for losses due to early payoff penalties and potential for losses due to increased delinquency. The unique nature of these current events creates significant difficulty for forecasting potential future losses. Based on the Company's best estimate for potential loan losses and considering

published industry data, a loss reserve of 8 basis points per loan originated will be used in the fourth quarter 2020. The Company will continue to monitor data and economic conditions in order to maintain adequate loss reserves on current production.

During the third quarter 2020, the loan loss reserve decreased significantly primarily due to a \$3,000,000 settlement that was paid to an investor for loans originated between 2004 and 2007. No additional loss reserves are being held for loans originated between 2004 and 2007.

Thus, the Company believes that the final loan loss reserve as of September 30, 2020, represents its best estimate for adequate loss reserves on loans sold.

## 5) Stock Compensation Plans

The Company has two fixed option plans (the "2013 Plan" and the "2014 Director Plan"). Compensation expense for options issued of \$104,562 and \$65,746 has been recognized for these plans for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and \$271,959 and \$195,487 has been recognized for these plans for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. As of September 30, 2020, the total unrecognized compensation expense related to the options issued was \$126,071, which is expected to be recognized over the vesting period of one year.

The fair value of each option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model. The Company estimates the expected life of the options using the simplified method. Future volatility is estimated based upon the weighted historical volatility of the Company's Class A common stock over a period equal to the expected life of the options. The risk-free interest rate for the expected life of the options is based upon the Federal Reserve Board's daily interest rates in effect at the time of the grant.

A summary of the status of the Company's stock compensation plans as of September 30, 2020, and the changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2020, are presented below:

	Number of Class A Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price		Number of Class C Shares	Ave Exe	ghted erage ercise rice
Outstanding at January 1, 2020	1,086,053	\$	4.41	594,132	\$	5.36
Adjustment for effect of stock dividends	27,968			19,354		
Granted	77,000			180,000		
Exercised	(78,803)			-		
Cancelled	-			-		
Outstanding at September 30, 2020	1,112,218	\$	4.28	793,486	\$	4.88
As of September 30, 2020:						
Options exercisable	1,053,033	\$	4.39	652.805	\$	5.14
As of September 30, 2020:						
Available options for future grant	325,372			266,500		
Weighted average contractual term of options						
outstanding at September 30, 2020	5.72 years			5.94 years		
Weighted average contractual term of options						
exercisable at September 30, 2020	5.51 years			5.49 years		
Aggregated intrinsic value of options						
outstanding at September 30, 2020 (1)	\$2,242,693			\$1,115,985		
Aggregated intrinsic value of options						
exercisable at September 30, 2020 (1)	\$2,228,291			\$894,505		

(1) The Company used a stock price of \$6.40 as of September 30, 2020 to derive intrinsic value.

## 5) Stock Compensation Plans (Continued)

A summary of the status of the Company's stock compensation plans as of September 30, 2019, and the changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2019, are presented below:

	Number of Class A Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price		Number of Class C Shares	Ave Exe	ghted erage ercise rice
Outstanding at January 1, 2019	1,011,274	\$	4.49	577,280	\$	5.15
Granted	2,000			-		
Exercised	(19,796)			(63,814)		
Cancelled	-					
Outstanding at September 30, 2019	993,478	\$	4.50	513,466	\$	5.33
As of September 30, 2019:						
Options exercisable	955,195	\$	4.46	489,840	\$	5.34
As of September 30, 2019:						
Available options for future grant	299,351			146,425		
Weighted average contractual term of options						
outstanding at September 30, 2019	5.40 years			3.63 years		
Weighted average contractual term of options						
exercisable at September 30, 2019	5.34 years			3.37 years		
Aggregated intrinsic value of options						
outstanding at September 30, 2019 (1)	\$765,360			\$106,646		
Aggregated intrinsic value of options						
exercisable at September 30, 2019 (1)	\$765,360			\$106,646		

(1) The Company used a stock price of \$4.90 as of September 30, 2019 to derive intrinsic value.

The total intrinsic value (which is the amount by which the fair value of the underlying stock exceeds the exercise price of an option on the exercise date) of stock options exercised during the nine months September 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$191,309 and \$112,340, respectively.

## 6) Earnings Per Share

The basic and diluted earnings per share amounts were calculated as follows:

	Three Mont Septem		Nine Months Ended September 30			
	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Numerator:						
Net earnings	\$ 29,304,769	\$ 3,617,414	\$ 51,286,265	\$ 9,027,786		
Denominator:						
Basic weighted-average shares outstanding	18,873,886	18,551,116	18,760,884	18,560,874		
Effect of dilutive securities:						
Employee stock options	559,733	203,975	404,006	208,561		
Diluted weighted-average shares						
outstanding	19,433,619	18,755,091	19,164,890	18,769,435		
Basic net earnings per share	\$1.55	\$0.19	\$2.73	\$0.49		
Diluted net earnings per share	\$1.51	\$0.19	\$2.68	\$0.48		

Net earnings per share amounts have been retroactively adjusted for the effect of annual stock dividends. For the nine months September 30, 2020 and 2019, there were - 0- and 864,915 of anti-dilutive employee stock option shares, respectively, that were not included in the computation of diluted net earnings per common share as their effect would be anti-dilutive.

## 7) Business Segment Information

## Description of Products and Services by Segment

The Company has three reportable business segments: life insurance, cemetery and mortuary, and mortgage. The Company's life insurance segment consists of life insurance premiums and operating expenses from the sale of insurance products sold by the Company's independent agency force and net investment income derived from investing policyholder and segment surplus funds. The Company's cemetery and mortuary segment consists of revenues and operating expenses from the sale of at-need cemetery and mortuary merchandise and services at its mortuaries and cemeteries, preneed sales of cemetery spaces after collection of 10% or more of the purchase price and the net investment income from investing segment surplus funds. The Company's mortgage segment consists of fee income and expenses from the originations of residential mortgage loans and interest earned and interest expenses from warehousing loans held for sale.

## Measurement of Segment Profit or Loss and Segment Assets

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as those described in the Significant Accounting Principles of the Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019. Intersegment revenues are recorded at cost plus an agreed upon intercompany profit, and are eliminated upon consolidation.

#### Factors Management Used to Identify the Enterprise's Reportable Segments

The Company's reportable segments are business units that are managed separately due to the different products provided and the need to report separately to the various regulatory jurisdictions. The Company regularly reviews the quantitative thresholds and other criteria to determine when other business segments may need to be reported.

## 7) <u>Business Segment Information</u> (Continued)

	Life Insurance	Cemetery/ Mortuary	Mortgage	Intercompany Eliminations	Consolidated
For the Three Months Ended					
September 30, 2020					
Revenues from external					
customers	\$ 39,261,044	\$ 5,495,990	\$ 101,447,531	\$-	\$ 146,204,565
Intersegment revenues	2,952,836	79,096	168,890	(3,200,822)	-
Segment profit before income taxes	4,807,280	1,322,303	32,454,348	-	38,583,931
For the Three Months Ended		-			
September 30, 2019					
Bevenues from external					
customers	\$ 29,824,686	\$ 3,570,419	\$ 41,984,554	\$-	\$ 75,379,659
Intersegment revenues	1,465,778	106,638	120,891	(1,693,307)	-
Segment profit before					
income taxes	1,263,836	213,198	3,282,788	-	4,759,822
For the Nine Months Ended					
September 30, 2020					
Revenues from external customers	\$ 110,255,399	\$ 14,815,991	\$ 219,403,866	\$-	\$ 344,475,256
Intersegment revenues	5,677,189	272,409	559,923	(6,509,521)	-
Segment profit before income taxes	5,408,482	2,975,556	58,867,883		67,251,921
				(	
Identifiable Assets	1,232,786,760	55,339,760	443,756,079	(88,204,200)	1,643,678,399
Goodwill	2,765,570	754,018	-	-	3,519,588
Total Assets	1,235,552,330	56,093,778	443,756,079	(88,204,200)	1,647,197,987
For the Nine Months Ended					
September 30, 2019					
Revenues from external					
customers	\$ 88,937,110	\$ 12,472,711	\$ 103,908,855	\$-	\$ 205,318,676
Intersegment revenues	3,441,497	336,911	372,170	(4,150,578)	-
Segment profit before					
income taxes	4,568,178	2,421,845	4,825,801	-	11,815,824
Identifiable Assets	941,739,161	84,250,592	243,272,631	(110,132,588)	1,159,129,796
Goodwill	2,765,570	754,018	-	-	3,519,588
Total Assets	944,504,731	85,004,610	243,272,631	(110,132,588)	1,162,649,384
		33			

#### 8) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

GAAP defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. GAAP also specifies a fair value hierarchy based upon the observability of inputs used in valuation techniques. Observable inputs (highest level) reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs (lowest level) reflect internally developed market assumptions. Fair value measurements are classified under the following hierarchy:

*Level 1*Financial assets and financial liabilities whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that the Company can access.

*Level 2:* Financial assets and financial liabilities whose values are based on the following: a) Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;

- b) Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non-active markets; or
- c)Valuation models whose inputs are observable, directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

*Level 3F*inancial assets and financial liabilities whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These inputs may reflect the Company's estimates of the assumptions that market participants would use in valuing the financial assets and financial liabilities.

The Company utilizes a combination of third-party valuation service providers, brokers, and internal valuation models to determine fair value.

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating the fair value disclosures related to significant financial instruments.

The items shown under Level 1 and Level 2 are valued as follows:

Fixed Maturity Securities Available for Sale: The fair values of fixed maturity securities are based on quoted market prices, when available. For fixed maturity securities not actively traded, fair values are estimated using values obtained from independent pricing services, or in the case of private placements (considered Level 3 investments), are estimated by discounting expected future cash flows using a current market value applicable to the coupon rate, credit and maturity of the investments.

*Equity Securities:* The fair values for equity securities are based on quoted market prices.

Loans Held for Sale: The Company elected the fair value option for loans held for sale. The fair value is based on quoted market prices, when available. When a quoted market price is not readily available, the Company uses the market price from its last sale of similar assets.

<u>Restricted Assets</u>: A portion of these assets include mutual funds and equity securities and fixed maturity securities that have quoted market prices that are used to determine fair value. Also included are cash and cash equivalents and participations in mortgage loans. The carrying amounts reported in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets for these financial instruments approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

<u>Cemetery Endowment Care Trust Investments</u>: A portion of these assets include equity securities and fixed maturity securities that have quoted market prices that are used to determine fair value. Also included are cash and cash equivalents. The carrying amounts reported in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets for these financial instruments approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

*Call and Put Option Derivatives:* The fair values for call and put options are based on quoted market prices.



#### 8) Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

The items shown under Level 3 are valued as follows:

<u>Loan Commitments and Forward Sale Commitments</u>: The Company's mortgage segment enters into loan commitments with potential borrowers and forward sale commitments to sell loans to third-party investors. The Company also uses a hedging strategy for these transactions. A loan commitment binds the Company to lend funds to a qualified borrower at a specified interest rate and within a specified period of time, generally up to 30 days after issuance of the loan commitment. Loan commitments are defined to be derivatives under GAAP and are recognized at fair value on the consolidated balance sheets with changes in their fair values recorded in current earnings.

The Company estimates the fair value of a loan commitment based on the change in estimated fair value of the underlying mortgage loan, quoted MBS prices, estimates of the fair value of mortgage servicing rights, and an estimate of the probability that the mortgage loan will fund within the terms of the commitment. The change in fair value of the underlying mortgage loan is measured from the date the loan commitment is issued. Following issuance, the value of a mortgage loan commitment can be either positive or negative depending upon the change in value of the underlying mortgage loans. Fallout rates and other factors from the Company's recent historical data are used to estimate the quantity and value of mortgage loans that will fund within the terms of the commitments.

Impaired Mortgage Loans Held for Investment: The Company believes that the fair value of these nonperforming loans will approximate the unpaid principal balance expected to be recovered based on the fair value of the underlying collateral. For residential and commercial properties, the collateral value is estimated by obtaining an independent appraisal. The appraisal typically considers area comparables and property condition as well as potential rental income that could be generated (particularly for commercial properties). For residential construction loans, the collateral is typically incomplete, so fair value is estimated as the replacement cost using data from a provider of building cost information to the real estate construction.

<u>Real Estate Held for Investment</u>: The Company believes that in an orderly market, fair value will approximate the replacement cost of a home and the rental income provides a cash flow stream for investment analysis. The Company believes the highest and best use of the properties are as income producing assets since it is the Company's intent to hold the properties as rental properties, matching the income from the investment in rental properties with the funds required for future estimated policy claims.

It should be noted that for replacement cost, when determining the fair value of real estate held for investment, the Company uses a provider of building cost information to the real estate construction industry. For the investment analysis, the Company uses market data based upon its real estate operation experience and projected the present value of the net rental income over seven years. The Company also considers area comparables and property condition when determining fair value.

In addition to this analysis performed by the Company, the Company depreciates Real Estate Held for Investment. This depreciation reduces the book value of these properties and lessens the exposure to the Company from further deterioration in real estate values.

<u>Mortgage Servicing Rights</u>: The Company initially recognizes Mortgage Servicing Rights ("MSRs") at their estimated fair values derived from the net cash flows associated with the servicing contracts, where the Company assumes the obligation to service the loan in the sale transaction.

# 8) Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

The following tables summarize Level 1, 2 and 3 financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis by their classification in the condensed consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2020.

	 Total	Acti	oted Prices in ve Markets for ntical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	U	Significant Inobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis						
Fixed maturity securities available for sale	\$ 344,917,387	\$	-	\$ 342,627,234	\$	2,290,153
Equity securities	11,215,606		11,215,606	-		-
Loans held for sale	445,878,979		-	-		445,878,979
Restricted assets (1)	1,470,114		-	1,470,114		-
Restricted assets (2)	2,193,831		2,193,831	-		-
Cemetery perpetual care trust investments (1)	576,292		-	576,292		
Cemetery perpetual care trust investments (2)	1,832,703		1,832,703	-		
Derivatives - loan commitments (3)	17,945,259		-	-		17,945,259
Total assets accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis	\$ 826,030,171	\$	15,242,140	\$ 344,673,640	\$	466,114,391
Liabilities accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis						
Derivatives - call options (4)	\$ (126,193)	\$	(126,193)	\$ -	\$	-
Derivatives - loan commitments (4)	(2,999,809)		-	-		(2,999,809)
Total liabilities accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis	\$ (3,126,002)	\$	(126,193)	\$ -	\$	(2,999,809)

(1) Fixed maturity securities available for sale

(2) Equity securities
(3) Included in other assets on the consolidated balance sheets
(4) Included in other liabilities and accrued expenses on the consolidated balance sheets

# 8) Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

The following tables summarize Level 1, 2 and 3 financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis by their classification in the condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2019.

		Act	uoted Prices in tive Markets for entical Assets	Significant Observable Inputs	I	Significant Unobservable Inputs
	 Total		(Level 1)	(Level 2)		(Level 3)
Assets accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis						
Fixed maturity securities available for sale	\$ 355,977,820	\$	-	\$ 352,761,438	\$	3,216,382
Equity securities	7,271,165		7,271,165	-		-
Loans held for sale	213,457,632		-	-		213,457,632
Restricted assets (1)	1,008,867		-	1,008,867		-
Restricted assets (2)	1,976,480		1,976,480	-		-
Cemetery perpetual care trust investments (1)	975,673		-	975,673		-
Cemetery perpetual care trust investments (2)	1,605,451		1,605,451	-		-
Derivatives - loan commitments (3)	2,722,580		-	-		2,722,580
Total assets accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis	\$ 584,995,668	\$	10,853,096	\$ 354,745,978	\$	219,396,594
Liabilities accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis						
Derivatives - call options (4)	\$ (62,265)	\$	(62,265)	\$ -	\$	-
Derivatives - put options (4)	(22,282)		(22,282)	-		-
Derivatives - loan commitments (4)	(231,347)		-	-		(231,347)
Total liabilities accounted for at fair value		-				
on a recurring basis	\$ (315,894)	\$	(84,547)	\$ -	\$	(231,347)

(1) Fixed maturity securities available for sale
(2) Mutual funds and equity securities
(3) Included in other assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets

(4) Included in other liabilities and accrued expenses on the condensed consolidated balance sheets

# 8) Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

For Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2020, the significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements were as follows:

			Significant	Range	of Inputs	
	Fair Value at	Valuation	Unobservable	Minimum	Maximum	Weighted
	9/30/2020	Technique	Input(s)	Value	Value	Average
Loans held for sale	\$ 445,878,979	Market approach	Investor contract pricing as a percentage of unpaid principal balance	99.0%	110.0%	104.0%
Derivatives - loan commitments (net)	14,945,451	Market approach	Fall-out factor	1.0%	92.0%	80.0%
			Initial-Value	N/A	N/A	N/A
			Servicing	0 bps	133 bps	67 bps
Fixed maturity securities available for	2,290,153					
sale		Broker quotes	Pricing quotes	\$ 91.49	\$ 123.46	\$ 117.45

For Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2019, the significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements were as follows:

	Fair Value at 12/31/2019	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Input(s)		of Inputs Maximum Value	Weighted Average
Loans held for sale	\$ 213,457,632	Market approach	Investor contract pricing as a percentage of unpaid principal balance	98.0%	109.0%	103.0%
Derivatives - loan commitments (net)	2,491,233	Market approach	Fall-out factor Initial-Value Servicing	1.0% N/A 0 bps	92.0% N/A 318 bps	81.0% N/A 79 bps
Fixed maturity securities available for sale	3,216,382	Broker quotes	Pricing quotes	\$ 95.02	\$ 115.80	\$ 107.98
		38				

# 8) Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

Following is a summary of changes in the condensed consolidated balance sheet line items measured using level 3 inputs:

	Co	Net Loan ommitments	L	oans Held for Sale	S	Fixed Maturity ecurities Available for Sale
Balance - December 31, 2019	\$	2,491,233	\$	213,457,632	\$	3,216,382
Originations and purchases		-		3,824,329,264		-
Sales, maturities and paydowns		-	(	3,709,992,155)		(1,031,500)
Transfer to mortgage loans held for investment		-		(9,170,610)		-
Total gains (losses):						
Included in earnings		12,454,218 (1)		127,254,848 (1	L)	2,532(2)
Included in other comprehensive income		-		-		102,739
Balance - September 30, 2020	\$	14,945,451	\$	445,878,979	\$	2,290,153

(1) As a component of Mortgage fee income on the condensed consolidated statements of earnings (2) As a component of Net investment income on the condensed consolidated statements of earnings

Following is a summary of changes in the condensed consolidated balance sheet line items measured using level 3 inputs:

	 Derivatives Loan mmitments	L	oans Held for Sale	Fixed Maturity curities Available for Sale
Balance - December 31, 2018	\$ 1,591,816	\$	136,210,853	\$
Originations/purchases	-		2,606,839,175	-
Sales	-	(	2,580,875,055)	-
Transfer to mortgage loans held for investment	-		(31,881,851)	-
Transfer from fixed maturity securities held to maturity	-			3,216,382
Total gains (losses):				
Included in earnings (1)	899,417		83,164,510	-
Balance - December 31, 2019	\$ 2,491,233	\$	213,457,632	\$ 3,216,382

(1) As a component of mortgage fee income on the condensed consolidated statements of earnings

# 8) Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

The following tables summarize Level 1, 2 and 3 financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis by their classification in the condensed consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2020.

Assets accounted for at fair value on a nonrecurring basis	Total	 uoted Prices i Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significar Observab Inputs (Level 2	le	Significant tobservable Inputs (Level 3)
54313						
Impaired mortgage loans held for investment	\$ 1,519,159	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,519,159
Impaired real estate held for sale	4 000 000					4 000 000

 Total assets accounted for at fair value on a nonrecurring basis
 \$ 5,519,159
 \$ - \$ \$ 5,519,159

 The following tables summarize Level 1, 2 and 3 financial assets and financial liabilities

The following tables summarize Level 1, 2 and 3 financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis by their classification in the condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2019.

	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Obs In	nificant ervable iputs evel 2)	L	Significant Inobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets accounted for at fair value on a nonrecurring basis						
Impaired mortgage loans held for investment	\$ 1,302,025	\$-	\$	-	\$	1,302,025
Impaired real estate held for investment	8,375,884	-		-		8,375,884
Total assets accounted for at fair value on a nonrecurring basis	\$ 9,677,909	\$-	\$	-	\$	9,677,909
	40					

# 8) Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

# Fair Value of Financial Instruments Carried at Other Than Fair Value

ASC 825, Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the balance sheet, for which it is practicable to estimate that value.

Management uses its best judgment in estimating the fair value of the Company's financial instruments; however, there are inherent limitations in any estimation technique. Therefore, for substantially all financial instruments, the fair value estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company could have realized in a sales transaction at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

The carrying values and estimated fair values for such financial instruments, and their corresponding placement in the fair value hierarchy, are summarized as follows as of September 30, 2020:

	C	arrying Value	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	Т	otal Estimated Fair Value
Assets									
Mortgage loans held for investment									
Residential	\$	77,373,490	\$	- \$		-	\$ 82,076,345	\$	82,076,345
Residential construction		119,915,615				-	119,915,615		119,915,615
Commercial		48,320,422				-	47,954,726		47,954,726
Mortgage loans held for investment, net	\$	245,609,527	\$	- \$		-	\$ 249,946,686	\$	249,946,686
Policy loans		14,234,935				-	14,234,935		14,234,935
Insurance assignments, net (1)		44,256,177		-		-	44,256,177		44,256,177
Restricted assets (2)		4,110,252				-	4,110,252		4,110,252
Mortgage servicing rights, net		28,387,476		-		-	30,288,406		30,288,406
Liabilities									
Bank and other loans payable	\$	(424,932,007)	\$ 	- \$		-	\$ (424,932,007)	\$	(424,932,007)
Policyholder account balances (3)		(44,246,123)		-		-	(41,229,265)		(41,229,265)
Future policy benefits - annuities (3)		(110,638,182)		-		-	(115,049,853)		(115,049,853)

 $\overbrace{(1)}$  Included in other investments and policy loans on the condensed consolidated balance sheets

(2) Mortgage loans held for investment

(3) Included in future policy benefits and unpaid claims on the condensed consolidated balance sheets

## 8) Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

The carrying values and estimated fair values for such financial instruments, and their corresponding placement in the fair value hierarchy, are summarized as follows as of December 31, 2019:

	-							т	otal Estimated
	C	arrying Value	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Fair Value
Assets									
Mortgage loans held for investment									
Residential	\$	110,253,678	\$	- \$		-	\$ 115,320,638	\$	115,320,638
Residential construction		88,651,967		-		-	88,651,967		88,651,967
Commercial		37,788,901				-	39,289,462		39,289,462
Mortgage loans held for investment, net	\$	236,694,546	\$ 	- \$		-	\$ 243,262,067	\$	243,262,067
Policy loans		14,762,805				-	14,762,805		14,762,805
Insurance assignments, net (1)		39,614,939				-	39,614,939		39,614,939
Restricted assets (2)		2,275,756				-	2,289,679		2,289,679
Cemetery perpetual care trust									
investments (2)		524,000		-		-	536,553		536,553
Mortgage servicing rights, net		17,155,529		-		-	22,784,571		22,784,571
Liabilities									
Bank and other loans payable	\$	(217,572,612)	\$	- \$		-	\$ (217,572,612)	\$	(217,572,612)
Policyholder account balances (3)		(45,154,180)				-	(41,828,469)		(41,828,469)
Future policy benefits - annuities (3)		(113,579,830)				-	(117,304,614)		(117,304,614)

(1) Included in other investments and policy loans on the condensed consolidated balance

sheets

(2) Mortgage loans held for investment

(3) Included in future policy benefits and unpaid claims on the condensed consolidated balance sheets

The methods, assumptions and significant valuation techniques and inputs used to estimate the fair value of these financial instruments are summarized as follows:

<u>Mortgage Loans Held for Investment</u>: The estimated fair value of the Company's mortgage loans held for investment is determined using various methods. The Company's mortgage loans are grouped into three categories: Residential, Residential Construction and Commercial. When estimating the expected future cash flows, it is assumed that all loans will be held to maturity, and any loans that are non-performing are evaluated individually for impairment.

Residential – The estimated fair value is determined through a combination of discounted cash flows (estimating expected future cash flows of payments and discounting them using current interest rates from single family mortgages) and considering pricing of similar loans that were sold recently.

Residential Construction – These loans are primarily short in maturity. Accordingly, the estimated fair value is determined to be the carrying value.

Commercial – The estimated fair value is determined by estimating expected future cash flows of payments and discounting them using current interest rates for commercial mortgages.

<u>*Policy Loans*</u>: The carrying amounts reported in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet for these financial instruments approximate their fair values because they are fully collateralized by the cash surrender value of the underlying insurance policies.

*Insurance Assignments, Net*: These investments are primarily short in maturity, accordingly, the carrying amounts reported in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet for these financial instruments approximate their fair values.

# 8) Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

Bank and Other Loans Payable: The carrying amounts reported in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet for these financial instruments approximate their fair values due to their relatively short-term maturities and variable interest rates.

*Policyholder Account Balances and Future Policy Benefits-Annuities*: Future policy benefit reserves for interest-sensitive insurance products are computed under a retrospective deposit method and represent policy account balances before applicable surrender charges. Policy benefits and claims that are charged to expense include benefit claims incurred in the period in excess of related policy account balances. Interest crediting rates for interest-sensitive insurance products ranged from 1.5% to 6.5%. The fair values for these investment-type insurance contracts are estimated based on the present value of liability cash flows.

The fair values for the Company's insurance contracts other than investment-type contracts are not required to be disclosed. However, the fair values of liabilities under all insurance contracts are taken into consideration in the Company's overall management of interest rate risk, such that the Company's exposure to changing interest rates is minimized through the matching of investment maturities with amounts due under insurance contracts.

#### 9) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company records an allowance and recognizes an expense for potential losses from other investments and receivables in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Receivables are the result of cemetery and mortuary operations, mortgage loan operations and life insurance operations. The allowance is based upon the Company's historical experience for collectively evaluated impairment. Other allowances are based upon receivables individually evaluated for impairment. Collectability of the cemetery and mortuary receivables is significantly influenced by current economic conditions. The critical issues that impact recovery of mortgage loan operations are interest rate risk, loan underwriting, new regulations and the overall economy

#### 10) Derivative Instruments

# Mortgage Banking Derivatives

# Loan Commitments

The Company is exposed to price risk due to the potential impact of changes in interest rates on the values of loan commitments from the time a loan commitment is made to an applicant to the time the loan that would result from the exercise of that loan commitment is funded. Managing price risk is complicated by the fact that the ultimate percentage of loan commitments that will be exercised (i.e., the number of loans that will be funded) fluctuates. The probability that a loan will not be funded or the loan application is denied or withdrawn within the terms of the commitment is driven by a number of factors, particularly the change, if any, in mortgage rates following the issuance of the loan commitment.

In general, the probability of funding increases if mortgage rates rise and decreases if mortgage rates fall. This is due primarily to the relative attractiveness of current mortgage rates compared to the applicant's committed rate. The probability that a loan will not be funded within the terms of the mortgage loan commitment also is influenced by the source of the applications (retail, broker or correspondent channels), proximity to rate lock expiration, purpose for the loan (purchase or refinance), product type and the application approval status. The Company has developed fallout estimates using historical data that take into account all of the variables, as well as renegotiations of rate and point commitments that tend to occur when mortgage rates fall. These fallout estimates are used to estimate the number of loans that the Company expects to be funded within the terms of the loan commitments and are updated periodically to reflect the most current data.

# 10) Derivative Instruments (Continued)

The Company estimates the fair value of a loan commitment based on the change in estimated fair value of the underlying mortgage loan, quoted mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") prices, estimates of the fair value of mortgage servicing rights, and an estimate of the probability that the mortgage loan will fund within the terms of the commitment. The change in fair value of the underlying mortgage loan is measured from the date the loan commitment is issued and is shown net of expenses. Following issuance, the value of a loan commitment can be either positive or negative depending upon the change in value of the underlying mortgage loans.

#### Forward Sale Commitments

The Company utilizes forward commitments to economically hedge the price risk associated with its outstanding mortgage loan commitments. A forward commitment protects the Company from losses on sales of the loans arising from exercise of the loan commitments. Management expects these types of commitments will experience changes in fair value opposite to changes in fair value of the loan commitments, thereby reducing earnings volatility related to the recognition in earnings of changes in the values of the commitments.

The net changes in fair value of loan commitments and forward sale commitments are shown in current earnings as a component of mortgage fee income on the consolidated statements of earnings. Mortgage banking derivatives are shown in other assets and other liabilities and accrued expenses on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

#### **Call and Put Options**

The Company uses a strategy of selling "out of the money" call options on its equity securities as a source of revenue. The options give the purchaser the right to buy from the Company specified equity securities at a set price up to a pre-determined date in the future. The Company uses the strategy of selling put options as a means of generating cash or purchasing equity securities at lower than current market prices. The Company receives an immediate payment of cash for the value of the option and establishes a liability for the fair value of the option. The liability for options is adjusted to fair value at each reporting date. In the event a call option is exercised, the Company sells the equity security at a favorable price enhanced by the value of the option that was sold. If the option expires unexercised, the Company recognizes a gain from the expired option. In the event a put option is exercised, the Company acquires an equity security at the strike price of the option reduced by the value received from the sale of the put option. The equity security is then treated as a normal equity security in the Company's portfolio. The net changes in the fair value of call and put options are shown in current earnings as a component of realized gains (losses) on investments and other assets. Call and put options are shown in other liabilities and accrued expenses on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The following table shows the notional amount and fair value of derivatives as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

		Fair Values and Notional Values of Derivative Instruments									
		Sep	tember 30, 202	Dece	19						
	Balance Sheet Location	Notional Amount	Liability Fair Value	Notional Amount	Asset Fair Value	Liability Fair Value					
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments											
Loan commitments	Other assets and Other liabilities	\$977.036.503	\$17.945.259	\$2.999.809	\$224.202.514	\$2,722,580	\$231,347				
Call options	Other liabilities	1,957,000	-	126,193	1,813,500	-	62,265				
Put options	Other liabilities	-	-	-	1,573,100	-	22,282				
Total		\$978,993,503	\$17,945,259	\$3,126,002	\$227,589,114	\$2,722,580	\$315,894				
			44								

# 10) Derivative Instruments (Continued)

# The following table shows the gains and losses on derivatives for the periods presented.

		Net Amount Gain Three Months End 30		Net Amount Gain (Loss) <u>Nine Months Ended September</u>				
Derivative	Classification	2020	2019	2020	2019			
Loan commitments	Mortgage fee income	\$ 3,901,086	\$ 378,899	\$ 12,454,218	\$ 1,915,223			
Call and put options	Gains on investments and other assets	\$ 34,171	\$ 104,702	\$ 124,516	\$ 509,639			

11) Reinsurance, Commitments and Contingencies

#### Reinsurance

The Company follows the procedure of reinsuring risks in excess of a specified limit, which ranges from \$25,000 to \$100,000. The Company is liable for these amounts in the event such reinsurers are unable to pay their portion of the claims. The Company has also assumed insurance from other companies.

#### Mortgage Loan Loss Settlements

Future loan losses can be extremely difficult to estimate. However, management believes that the Company's reserve methodology and its current practice of property preservation allow it to estimate its potential losses on loans sold. The estimated liability for indemnification losses is included in other liabilities and accrued expenses and, as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the balances were \$3,009,000 and \$4,046,000, respectively.

During the third quarter 2020, the loan loss reserve decreased significantly primarily due to a \$3,000,000 settlement that was paid to an investor for loans originated between 2004 and 2007. No additional loss reserves are being held for loans originated between 2004 and 2007.

Thus, the Company believes that the final loan loss reserve as of September 30, 2020, represents its best estimate for adequate loss reserves on loans sold.

# Mortgage Loan Loss Litigation

### Lehman Brothers Holdings Litigation - Delaware and New York

In January 2014, Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. ("Lehman Holdings") entered into a settlement with the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) concerning the mortgage loan claims that Fannie Mae had asserted against Lehman Holdings, which were based on alleged breaches of certain representations and warranties by Lehman Holdings in the mortgage loans it had sold to Fannie Mae. Lehman Holdings had acquired these loans from Aurora Bank, FSB, formerly known as Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB, which in turn purchased the loans from residential mortgage loan originators, including SecurityNational Mortgage Company ("SecurityNational Mortgage"). A settlement based on similar circumstances was entered into between Lehman Holdings and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac) in February 2014.

#### 11) Reinsurance, Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Lehman Holdings filed a motion in May 2014 with the U.S. Bankruptcy Court of the Southern District of New York to require the mortgage loan originators, including SecurityNational Mortgage, to engage in non-binding mediations of the alleged indemnification claims against the mortgage loan originators relative to the Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac settlements with Lehman Holdings. The mediation was not successful in resolving any issues between SecurityNational Mortgage and Lehman Holdings.

On January 26, 2016, SecurityNational Mortgage filed a declaratory judgment action against Lehman Holdings in the Superior Court for the State of Delaware. In the Delaware action, SecurityNational Mortgage asserted its right to obtain a declaration of rights in that there are allegedly millions of dollars in dispute with Lehman Holdings pertaining to approximately 136 mortgage loans. SecurityNational Mortgage sought a declaratory judgment as to its rights as it contends that it has no liability to Lehman Holdings' settlements with Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. Lehman Holdings filed a motion in the Delaware court seeking to stay or dismiss the declaratory judgment action. On August 24, 2016, the Court ruled that it would exercise its discretion to decline jurisdiction over the action and granted Lehman Holdings' motion to dismiss.

On February 3, 2016, Lehman Holdings filed an adversary proceeding against approximately 150 mortgage loan originators, including SecurityNational Mortgage, in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court of the Southern District of New York seeking a declaration of rights similar in nature to the declaration that SecurityNational Mortgage sought in its Delaware lawsuit, and for damages relating to the alleged obligations of the defendants under indemnification provisions of the alleged agreements, in amounts to be determined at trial, including interest, attorneys' fees and costs incurred by Lehman Holdings in enforcing the obligations of the defendants. No response was required to be filed relative to the Complaint or the Amended Complaint dated March 7, 2016. A Case Management Order was entered on November 1, 2016.

On December 27, 2016, pursuant to the Case Management Order, Lehman Holdings filed a Second Amended Complaint against SecurityNational Mortgage, which eliminates the declaratory judgment claim but retains a similar claim for damages as in the Complaint. Many of the defendants, including SecurityNational Mortgage, filed a joint motion in the case asserting that the Bankruptcy Court does not have subject matter jurisdiction concerning the matter and that venue is improper. Lehman Holdings' response memorandum was filed on May 31, 2017 and a reply memorandum of the defendants filing the motion was filed on July 14, 2017. A hearing on the motion was held on June 12, 2018.

On August 13, 2018, the Court issued its Memorandum Decision and Order ("Decision") denying the motion. On August 27, 2018, a number of the defendants, including SecurityNational Mortgage, filed a joint motion with the United States District Court (Case No. 18-mc-00392(VEC)) requesting that the Bankruptcy Court's Decision be treated as findings of fact and conclusions of law, and for the District Court to review the Decision *de novo* as to jurisdiction. Included with the motion were proposed objections to the Bankruptcy Court's Decision. On September 18, 2018, Lehman Holdings filed its response to the joint motion, and defendants' reply was filed on October 2, 2018.

On September 17, 2018, certain defendants, including SecurityNational Mortgage, also filed a notice of appeal, and thereafter a motion for leave to file an interlocutory appeal as to the Bankruptcy Court's Decision pertaining to jurisdiction and improper venue as a "protective" appeal should the District Court decide not to treat the Decision as findings of fact and conclusions of law. Separately, certain other defendants also filed a notice of appeal and motion for leave to file an interlocutory appeal with respect to the Bankruptcy Court's Decision concerning improper venue. Lehman Holdings filed its response on October 22, 2018, and defendants filed a joint reply to Lehman Holdings' response on November 26, 2018. The motions to file appeals were consolidated before Valerie Caproni, U.S. District Court Judge, Case No. 18-cv-08986 (VEC). Case No. 18-mc-00392 (VEC) was also before Judge Caproni.

# 11) Reinsurance, Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

On May 8, 2019, Judge Caproni issued her Opinion and Order denying the motion for an interlocutory appeal of the bankruptcy court's ruling relative to jurisdiction and venue. Further, the judge denied the motion for immediate *de novo* review of the bankruptcy court's ruling indicating that *de novo* review can be left for the future.

On October 1, 2018, Lehman Holdings filed a motion for leave to file Third Amended Complaints against numerous defendants including SecurityNational Mortgage. In addition to the Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac related loans, the amendments and supplements include additional mortgage loans sold to Lehman Holdings that were packaged for securitization ("RMBS loans"). The RMBS loans had allegedly been sold by defendants to Lehman Bank that, in turn, sold them to Lehman Holdings. The allegations pertaining to the RMBS loans include, e.g., purported breaches of representations and warranties made to the securitization trusts by Lehman Holdings. Lehman Holdings asserts that it made representations and warranties purportedly based in part by representations and warranties made to Lehman Bank by loan originators, including SecurityNational Mortgage.

The alleged RMBS loans in dispute with SecurityNational Mortgage allegedly involve millions of dollars pertaining to approximately 577 mortgage loans in addition to the Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac related loans. Lehman Holdings also moved the Court to simultaneously allow alternative dispute resolution procedures to take place including potential mediation. Over objections, at a hearing on October 29, 2018, the Court granted Lehman Holdings' motion to amend or supplement its complaints adding the RMBS loans, and also to mandate alternative dispute resolution procedures affecting many defendants including SecurityNational Mortgage.

Instead of filing a Third Amended Complaint to include the RMBS loans referenced above, Lehman Holdings filed the matter against SecurityNational Mortgage as a new complaint ("RMBS Complaint") (United States Bankruptcy Court, Southern District of New York, Adversary Proceeding 18-01819) pertaining to the approximately 577 RMBS loans, in addition to the Second Amended Complaint already on file. The RMBS Complaint seeks alleged damages relating to obligations under alleged contractual indemnification provisions in an amount to be determined at trial, interest, costs and expenses incurred by LBHI in enforcing alleged obligations, including attorneys' fees and costs and any expert witness fees incurred in litigation; and such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

In response to a Court order, certain defendants referenced in the Second Amended Complaint and the RMBS Complaints negotiated with Lehman Holdings concerning an amended case management order pertaining to certain case procedures and management for both lawsuits including, but not limited to, timing for filing motions and answering the complaints, and provisions concerning discovery such as a document production, taking depositions, and use of experts. At a hearing held on March 7, 2019, the Court considered differences of the parties as to the content of an amended case management order, and thereafter signed an amended case management order dated March 13, 2019. SecurityNational Mortgage filed an answer and amended answer in the Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac case, and in the RMBS case. Discovery is in process.

Lehman Holdings sent an Indemnification Alternative Dispute Resolution Notice to SecurityNational Mortgage dated August 1, 2019. SecurityNational Mortgage sent its Statement of Position to Lehman Brothers Holdings dated September 3, 2019 in response to the notice. Thereafter, Lehman Holdings sent its Reply dated October 2, 2019 to SecurityNational Mortgage. On January 9, 2020, SecurityNational Mortgage submitted further information to the mediator. Mediation was set to take place on January 23, 2020 in New York. In view of a motion of SecurityNational Mortgage dated January 15, 2020, Lehman Holdings requested that the mediation be continued.

On January 15, 2020, SecurityNational Mortgage filed a motion to dismiss Lehman Holdings' RMBS action in the Bankruptcy Court for lack of subject matter jurisdiction and standing. It was not filed in the Bankruptcy Court but in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. The District Court referred the matter to a magistrate judge for general pretrial, which "includes scheduling, discovery, non-dispositive pretrial motions, and settlement," as well as for "a Report and Recommendation" as to the pending motion. The final disposition of the motion will be with the District Court judge. Lehman Holdings asked the District Court to transfer the case to one of two other judges allegedly due to related matters. No action has been taken by the District Court to transfer the case.

## 11) Reinsurance, Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

However, Lehman Holdings filed its response brief to the motion and SecurityNational Mortgage filed its reply. On July 10, 2020, the Magistrate Judge filed a report and recommendation with the District Court judge recommending that SecurityNational Mortgage's motion to dismiss be denied on the procedural basis that the motion should not be in the District Court, but the Bankruptcy Court. SecurityNational Mortgage filed an objection to the report and recommendation to which Lehman Holdings responded. The District Court entered an order on August 10, 2020 adopting the Magistrate Judge's recommendation that SecurityNational Mortgage's motion be denied on the procedural basis that the matter should not be in the District Court at present, and that the Bankruptcy Court may recommend on an interlocutory basis whether there is subject matter jurisdiction and standing, and that later in the proceedings the District Court court courd then review the recommendation as to subject matter jurisdiction and standing.

On September 15, 2020, SecurityNational Mortgage filed a Petition for a Writ of Mandamus with the Second Circuit Court of Appeals asking that the District Court be ordered to presently resolve SecurityNational Mortgage's motion as its motion is filed in the proper court. No action has yet to be taken by the Second Circuit.

Earlier, on March 17, 2020, Lehman Holdings filed a motion for partial summary judgment against dozens of defendants asserting that sufficient notice was given defendants concerning the settlement of the RMBS claims so that Lehman Holdings, as an indemnitee, would not have to prove that it (Lehman Holdings) had liability to the RMBS Trustees, but only that its settlement was reasonable and in good faith. Defendants involved filed a response brief that for various reasons Lehman Holdings cannot establish sufficient notice as required by law. Certain defendants, excluding SecurityNational Mortgage, also filed a cross motion to seek an affirmative ruling on the issue of Lehman Holdings' motion.

Thereafter, Lehman Holdings filed a reply brief in support of its motion, and also a response brief to certain defendants' cross motion. Defendants that filed a cross motion filed a reply brief in support of the cross motion. The motions are now under advisement with the Bankruptcy Court. Even if Lehman Holdings were to prevail on its motion, it does not absolve Lehman Holdings of its burden to prove indemnity liability to the defendants. SecurityNational Mortgage denies any liability to Lehman Holdings and intends to vigorously protect and defend its position.

# **Debt Covenants for Mortgage Warehouse Lines of Credit**

The Company, through its subsidiary SecurityNational Mortgage, has a \$150,000,000 line of credit with Wells Fargo Bank N.A. The agreement charges interest at the 1-Month LIBOR rate plus 2.1% and matures on June 24, 2021. SecurityNational Mortgage is required to comply with covenants for adjusted tangible net worth, unrestricted cash balance, the ratio of indebtedness to adjusted tangible net worth, and the liquidity overhead coverage ratio, and a quarterly gross profit of at least \$1.00.

The Company, through its subsidiary SecurityNational Mortgage, also uses a line of credit with Texas Capital Bank N.A. This agreement with the bank allows SecurityNational Mortgage to borrow up to \$175,000,000 for the sole purpose of funding mortgage loans. The agreement charges interest at the 1-Month LIBOR rate plus 3% and matures on November 15, 2021. The Company is required to comply with covenants for adjusted tangible net worth, unrestricted cash balance, and minimum combined pre-tax income (excluding any changes in the fair value of mortgage servicing rights) of at least \$1.00 on a rolling four-quarter basis.

The Company through its subsidiary SecurityNational Mortgage, also uses a line of credit with Comerica Bank. This agreement with the bank allows SecurityNational Mortgage to borrow up to \$90,000,000 for the sole purpose of funding mortgage loans. The agreement charges interest at the 1-Month LIBOR rate plus 2.5% and matures on May 27, 2021. The Company is required to comply with covenants for adjusted tangible net worth, unrestricted cash balance, and minimum combined pre-tax income (excluding any changes in the fair value of mortgage servicing rights) of at least \$1.00 on a rolling twelve months.

# 11) Reinsurance, Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

The Company, through its subsidiary EverLEND Mortgage, also uses a line of credit with Texas Capital Bank N.A. This agreement with the bank allows EverLEND Mortgage to borrow up to \$5,000,000 for the sole purpose of funding mortgage loans. The agreement charges interest at the 1-Month LIBOR rate plus 2.5% and matures on August 1, 2021. The Company is required to comply with covenants for adjusted tangible net worth, unrestricted cash balance, and minimum combined pre-tax income (excluding any changes in the fair value of mortgage servicing rights) of at least \$1.00 on a rolling four-quarter basis.

The agreements for warehouse lines include cross default provisions in that a covenant violation under one agreement constitutes a covenant violation under the other agreement. As of September 30, 2020, the Company believes that it was in compliance with all debt covenants.

#### **Other Contingencies and Commitments**

The Company has entered into commitments to fund construction and land development loans and has also provided financing for land acquisition and development. As of September 30, 2020, the Company's commitments were approximately \$187,305,000 for these loans, of which \$124,409,000 had been funded. The Company will advance funds once the work has been completed and an independent inspection is made. The maximum loan commitment ranges between 50% and 80% of appraised value. The Company receives fees and interest for these loans and the interest rate is generally fixed 5.50% to 8.00% per annum. Maturities range between six and eighteen months.

The Company belongs to a captive insurance group for certain casualty insurance, worker compensation and liability programs. Insurance reserves are maintained relative to these programs. The level of exposure from catastrophic events is limited by the purchase of stop-loss and aggregate liability reinsurance coverage. When estimating the insurance liabilities and related reserves, the captive insurance management considers a number of factors, which include historical claims experience, demographic factors, severity factors and valuations provided by independent third-party actuaries. If actual claims or adverse development of loss reserves occurs and exceed these estimates, additional reserves may be required. The estimation process contains uncertainty since captive insurance management must use judgment to estimate the ultimate cost that will be incurred to settle reported claims and unreported claims for incidents incurred but not reported as of the balance sheet date.

The Company is a defendant in various other legal actions arising from the normal conduct of business. Management believes that none of the actions will have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations. Based on management's assessment and legal counsel's representations concerning the likelihood of unfavorable outcomes, no amounts have been accrued for the above claims in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company is not a party to any other material legal proceedings outside the ordinary course of business or to any other legal proceedings, which, if adversely determined, would have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or results of operations.

#### 12) Mortgage Servicing Rights

The Company initially records these MSRs at fair value as discussed in Note 8.

After being initially recorded at fair value, MSRs backed by mortgage loans are accounted for using the amortization method. Amortization expense is included in other expenses on the consolidated statements of earnings. MSR amortization is determined by amortizing the MSR balance in proportion to, and over the period of the estimated future net servicing income of the underlying financial assets.

The Company periodically assesses MSRs for impairment. Impairment occurs when the current fair value of the MSR falls below the asset's carrying value (carrying value is the amortized cost reduced by any related valuation allowance). If MSRs are impaired, the impairment is recognized in current-period earnings and the carrying value of the MSRs is adjusted through a valuation allowance.

Management periodically reviews the various loan strata to determine whether the value of the MSRs in a given stratum is impaired and likely to recover. When management deems recovery of the value to be unlikely in the foreseeable future, a write-down of the cost of the MSRs for that stratum to its estimated recoverable value is charged to the valuation allowance.

The following is a summary of the MSR activity for the periods presented.

	As of	September 30 2020	As of	December 31 2019
Amortized cost:				
Balance before valuation allowance at beginning of year	\$	17,155,529	\$	20,016,822
MSR additions resulting from loan sales		19,400,262		4,194,502
Amortization (1)		(8,168,315)		(7,055,795)
Application of valuation allowance to write down MSRs with other than temporary impairment		_		_
Balance before valuation allowance at end of	-			
period	\$	28,387,476	\$	17,155,529
Valuation allowance for impairment of MSRs:				
Balance at beginning of year	\$	-	\$	-
Additions		-		-
Application of valuation allowance to write down MSRs				
with other than temporary impairment		-		-
Balance at end of period	\$	-	\$	-
Mortgage servicing rights, net	\$	28,387,476	\$	17,155,529
Estimated fair value of MSRs at end of period	\$	30,288,406	\$	22,784,571

(1) Included in other expenses on the condensed consolidated statements of earnings

12) Mortgage Servicing Rights (Continued)

The following table summarizes the Company's estimate of future amortization of its existing MSRs carried at amortized cost:

	Est	Estimated MSR			
	Ar	nortization			
2020		4,926,285			
2021		3,690,972			
2022		3,094,986			
2023		2,609,308			
2024		2,213,796			
Thereafter		11,852,129			
Total	\$	28,387,476			

The Company collected the following contractual servicing fee income and late fee income as reported in other revenues on the condensed consolidated statement of earnings:

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Mon Septen		
	 2020		2019	2020	2019
Contractual servicing					
fees	\$ 2,340,546	\$	1,765,957	\$ 6,055,055	\$ 5,433,970
Late fees	69,314		82,547	238,826	261,437
Total	\$ 2,409,860	\$	1,848,504	\$ 6,293,881	\$ 5,695,407

The following is a summary of the unpaid principal balances ("UPB") of the servicing portfolio for the periods presented:

	As of	September 30	As	of December 31
		2020		2019
Servicing UPB	\$	4,215,559,388	\$	2,804,139,415

The following key assumptions were used in determining MSR value:

	Prepayment Speeds	Average Life (Years)	Discount Rate
September 30, 2020	16.70	5.06	9.5
December 31, 2019	15.30	5.27	9.51

# 13) Income Taxes

The Company's overall effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 was 24.0% and 24.0%, respectively, which resulted in a provision for income taxes of \$9,279,162 and \$1,142,408, respectively. The Company's overall effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 was 23.7% and 23.6%, respectively, which resulted in a provision for income taxes of \$15,965,656 and \$2,788,038, respectively. The Company's effective tax rates differ from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21% partially due to its provision for state income taxes. The effective tax rate increased when compared to the prior year period partly due the Company's provision for state income taxes.

#### 14) Revenues from Contracts with Customers

The Company reports revenues from contracts with customers pursuant to ASC No. 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

# Information about Performance Obligations and Contract Balances

The Company's cemetery and mortuary segment sells a variety of goods and services to customers in both at-need and pre-need situations. Due to the timing of the fulfillment of the obligation, revenue is deferred until that obligation is fulfilled.

The Company's three types of future obligations are as follows:

*Pre-need Merchandise and Service Revenue*: All pre-need merchandise and service revenue is deferred and the funds are placed in trust until the need arises, the merchandise is received or the service is performed. The trust is then relieved, and the revenue and commissions are recognized.

<u>At-need</u> <u>Specialty</u> <u>Merchandise</u> <u>Revenue</u>: At-need specialty merchandise revenue consists of customizable merchandise ordered from a manufacturer such as markers and bases. When specialty merchandise is ordered, it can take time to manufacture and deliver the product. Revenue is deferred until the at-need merchandise is received.

<u>Deferred Pre-need Land Revenue</u>: Deferred pre-need revenue and corresponding commissions are deferred until 10% of the funds are received from the customer through regular monthly payments. Deferred pre-need land revenue is not placed in trust.

Complete payment of the contract does not constitute fulfillment of the performance obligation. Goods or services are deferred until such time the service is performed or merchandise is received. Pre-need contracts are required to be paid in full prior to a customer using a good or service from a pre-need contract. Goods and services from pre-need contracts can be transferred when paid in full from one owner to another. In such cases, the Company will act as an agent in transferring the requested goods and services. A transfer of goods and services does not fulfill an obligation and revenue remains deferred.

The opening and closing balances of the Company's receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities are as follows:

	Contract Balar	Contract Balances					
	Receivables (1) Contract Asset	Contract Liability					
Opening (1/1/2020)	\$ 2,778,879 \$	- \$ 12,607,978					
Closing (9/30/2020)	3,580,669	- 13,045,307					
Increase/(decrease)	801,790	- 437,329					

		Contract Balances					
	Rec	eivables (1)	Contract Asset		Contract Liability		
Opening (1/1/2019)	\$	2,816,225	\$	- \$	12,508,625		
Closing (12/31/2019)		2,778,879		-	12,607,978		
Increase/(decrease)		(37,346)		-	99,353		

(1) Included in Receivables, net on the condensed consolidated balance sheets

14) Revenues from Contracts with Customers (Continued)

The amount of revenue recognized and included in the opening contract liability balance for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$1,427,418 and \$884,180, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$3,258,824 and \$2,515,278, respectively.

The difference between the opening and closing balances of the Company's contract assets and contract liabilities primarily results from the timing difference between the Company's performance and the customer's payment.

# **Disaggregation of Revenue**

The following table disaggregates revenue for the Company's cemetery and mortuary contracts for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine M Ended Sep			
	2020	2019	 2020		2019	
Major goods/service lines				-		
At-need	\$ 4,272,816	\$ 2,888,996	\$ 10,915,712	\$	8,883,846	
Pre-need	1,098,899	637,420	3,614,872		2,321,928	
	\$ 5,371,715	\$ 3,526,416	\$ 14,530,584	\$	11,205,774	
Timing of Revenue Recognition						

Goods transferred at a point in time	\$ 3,559,431	\$ 2,371,041	\$ 9,641,751	\$ 7,515,881
Services transferred at a point in time	1,812,284	1,155,375	4,888,833	3,689,893
	\$ 5,371,715	\$ 3,526,416	\$ 14,530,584	\$ 11,205,774

The following table reconciles revenues from cemetery and mortuary contracts to Note 7 – Business Segment Information for the Cemetery/Mortuary Segment for the periods presented:

	Three Mon Septer		Nine Month Septem	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Net mortuary and cemetery sales	\$ 5,371,715	\$ 3,526,416	\$ 14,530,584	\$ 11,205,774
Gains (losses) on investments and other assets	(66,673)	(100,685)	(244,413)	752,412
Net investment income	168,478	112,246	444,971	387,617
Other revenues	22,470	32,442	84,849	126,908
Revenues from external customers	5,495,990	3,570,419	14,815,991	12,472,711
	53			

#### 15) Acquisitions

# Probst Family Funerals and Cremations and Heber Valley Funeral Home

On February 15, 2019, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Memorial Mortuary Inc., completed an asset purchase transaction with Probst Family Funerals and Cremations, LLC. ("Probst Family Funerals") and Heber Valley Funeral Home, Inc. ("Heber Valley Funeral Home"). These funeral homes are both located in Heber Valley, a community situated about 45 miles southeast of Salt Lake City.

Under the terms of the transaction, as set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement, dated February 15, 2019, Memorial Mortuary Inc. paid a net purchase price of \$3,315,647 for the business and assets of Probst Family Funerals and Heber Valley Funeral Home, subject to a \$150,000 holdback. In August 2019, this escrow account was settled and \$137,550 was paid to the prior owners.

The estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the date of acquisition were as follows:

Cash	\$	53,859
Property and equipment	2,	475,526
Receivables		13,620
Goodwill		754,018
Other		21,800
Total assets acquired	3,	318,823
Bank and other loans payable		(3,176)
Total liabilities assumed		(3,176)
Fair value of net assets acquired/consideration paid	\$3,	315,647

15) Acquisitions (Continued)

# **Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company**

On December 13, 2019, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Security National Life Insurance Company ("Security National Life") completed a stock purchase transaction with Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company, a Louisiana domiciled life insurance company ("Kilpatrick Life") and its shareholders, which resulted in the purchase of all the outstanding shares of common stock of Kilpatrick Life. The closing of the transaction was subject to approval by the Louisiana Department of Insurance of the change of control of Kilpatrick Life, which was received on December 12, 2019. Under the terms of the transaction, the total Purchase Price that Security National Life paid for all the shares held by the Kilpatrick shareholders was \$23,779,940 subject to a \$1,400,000 holdback, as agreed with the shareholders.

Kilpatrick Life has been in operation since 1932 and provides life insurance products and services through insurance plans such as permanent and term life insurance, asset protection plans, graded whole life insurance, and annuities. Additionally, it provides insurance services for emergencies and pre-arranged funeral services. Kilpatrick Life is based in Shreveport, Louisiana with additional offices in Jena, Alexandria, Minden, and Arcadia, Louisiana.

Kilpatrick Life employs a staff of almost 120 associates in four offices in Louisiana and is licensed to operate in Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Oklahoma, and Mississippi with the home office located in Shreveport, LA. It is the mission of Kilpatrick Life to continue providing the utmost service and protection for its policyholders for generations to come.

Prior to the stock purchase transaction, Security National life and Kilpatrick Life entered into a coinsurance agreement, effective October 1, 2019. After the effective date, Security National Life, as coinsurer, agreed to be responsible for and was obligated with respect to 100% of the contractual liabilities under the Kilpatrick Life's life insurance policies in accordance with the terms and conditions of the policies and applicable law. Unless otherwise directed by Security National Life, as coinsurer, Kilpatrick Life continued to administer the policies on behalf of Security National Life, as coinsurer, for the duration of the coinsurance agreement.

As part of the coinsurance agreement, effective October 1, 2019, Security National Life acquired the following assets and assumed the following contractual liabilities.

Other investments and policy loans	\$ 9,124,459
Real estate held for investment	2,850,000
Mortgage loans held for investment	200,000
Receivables	131,258
Total assets acquired	12,305,717
Future policy benefits and unpaid claims	(165,404,970)
Other liabilities and accrued expenses	(5,259,341)
Total liabilities assumed	(170,664,311)
Cash received for reinsurance assumed	\$ 158,358,594
	55

# 15) Acquisitions (Continued)

Contemporaneous with the stock purchase transaction, both Kilpatrick Life and Security National Life, as coinsurer, agreed to terminate the coinsurance agreement, to require the recapture of the life insurance policies by Kilpatrick Life and provided notification to the Louisiana Department of Insurance. The final settlement and transfer of the coinsurance trust assets from Security National Life back to Kilpatrick Life occurred shortly thereafter.

The estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the date of acquisition, on December 13, 2019, are shown in the following table. At the time of acquisition some of these assets and liabilities became intercompany items, and the Company has eliminated them for consolidation.

Fixed maturity securities, available for sale	\$ 22,766,520
Fixed maturity securities, held to maturity	16,436
Mortgage loans held for investment	8,011,660
Real estate held for investment	2,708,557
Other investments	446,655
Accrued investment income	183,527
Total investments	34,133,355
Cash and cash equivalents	6,900,654
Receivables, net	5,407,736(1)
Receivables from reinsurers	168,105,064(1)
Property and equipment, net	1,498,245
Value of business acquired	4,962,831
Deferred taxes	167,344
Other	712,323
Total assets acquired	221,887,552
Future policy benefits and unpaid claims	(189,071,407)
Accounts payable	(283,304)
Other liabilities and accrued expenses	(7,870,944)
Income taxes	(881,957)
Total liabilities assumed	(198,107,612)
Fair value of net assets acquired/consideration	
paid	\$ 23,779,940
Fair value of net assets acquired/consideration	
paid, net of cash acquired	\$ 16,879,286
(1) Receivable from reinsurers of \$162,907,008	
net of \$5,000,000 were settled with the recapt	ure of the

(1) Receivable from reinstress of \$102,907,008 and receivables, net of \$5,000,000 were settled with the recapture of the coinsurance agreement by Kilpatrick Life from Security National Life.

# Item Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

#### Overview

The Company's operations over the last several years generally reflect three trends or events which the Company expects to continue to focus on: (i) increased attention to "niche" insurance products, such as the Company's funeral plan policies and traditional whole life products; (ii) emphasis on cemetery and mortuary business; and (iii) capitalizing on an improving housing market by originating mortgage loans. The Company has adjusted its strategy to respond to the changing economic circumstances resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### **Insurance Operations**

The Company's life insurance business includes funeral plans and interest-sensitive life insurance, as well as other traditional life, accident and health insurance products. The Company places specific marketing emphasis on funeral plans through pre-need planning.

A funeral plan is a small face value life insurance policy that generally has face coverage of up to \$25,000. The Company believes that funeral plans represent a marketing niche that is less competitive because most insurance companies do not offer similar coverage. The purpose of the funeral plan policy is to pay the costs and expenses incurred at the time of a person's death. On a per thousand-dollar cost of insurance basis, these policies can be more expensive to the policyholder than many types of nonburial insurance due to their low face amount, requiring the fixed cost of the policy administration to be distributed over a smaller policy size, and the simplified underwriting practices that result in higher mortality costs.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the life insurance sales force has transitioned to virtual and tele sales processes and transitioned approximately 95% of office staff to work remotely.

The following table shows the condensed financial results of the insurance operations for three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019. See Note 7 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

		Three month (in tho	ended Septer ands of dolla		Nine months ended September 30 (in thousands of dollars)					
		2020		2019	% Increase (Decrease)		2020		2019	% Increase (Decrease)
Revenues from external customers	_		-							
Insurance premiums	\$	23,767	\$	19,832	20%	\$	68,983	\$	58,505	18%
Net investment income		14,240		10,147	40%		40,074		30,020	3%
Gains (losses) on investments and other assets		860		(486)	(277%)		71		(615)	(112%)
Other		394		331	19%		1,127		1,027	10%
Total	\$	39,261	\$	29,824	32%	\$	110,255	\$	88,937	24%
Intersegment revenue	\$	2,953	\$	1,466	101%	\$	5,677	\$	3,441	65%
Earnings before income taxes	\$	4,807	\$	1,264	280%	\$	5,408	\$	4,568	18%

Intersegment revenues are primarily interest income from the warehouse line for loans held for sale provided to SecurityNational Mortgage Company ("SecurityNational Mortgage"). Profitability for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 has increased due to a \$10,478,000 increase in insurance premiums and other considerations, a \$10,054,000 increase in net investment income, a \$2,236,000 increase in intersegment revenue, a \$686,000 increase in gains on investments and other assets primarily due to a decrease in the fair value of equity securities due to the recent downturn of the economy caused by the COVID-19 Pandemic offset by a decrease in impairment losses on commercial real estate, a \$100,000 increase in other revenues, and a \$238,000 decrease in interest expense. This increase was partially offset by a \$14,456,000 increase in death, surrenders and other policy benefits, a \$5,907,000 increase in selling, general and administrative expenses, a \$1,127,000 increase in future policy benefits, and a \$980,000 increase in amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs primarily due to an increase in the average outstanding balance of deferred policy and pre-need acquisition costs. The Company acquired Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company ("Kilpatrick Life") in December 2019. See Note 15 to the condensed consolidated financial statements. This acquisition is the primary reason for the increases in insurance premiums, net investment income, death, surrenders and other policy benefits, and selling, general and administrative expenses.



#### **Cemetery and Mortuary Operations**

The Company sells mortuary services and products through its eight mortuaries in Utah. The Company also sells cemetery products and services through its five cemeteries in Utah and one cemetery in San Diego County, California. At-need product sales and services are recognized as revenue when the services are performed or when the products are delivered. Pre-need cemetery product sales are deferred until the merchandise is delivered and services performed. Recognition of revenue for cemetery land sales occurs when 10% of the purchase price is received.

As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Company has seen a decrease in its average case size as funeral services have been limited. The Company has transitioned its preneed sales force to virtual selling and has done in home sales as local regulations permit.

The following table shows the condensed financial results of the cemetery and mortuary operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019. See Note 7 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

	Three months ended September 30 (in thousands of dollars)						Nine months ended September 30 (in thousands of dollars)			
	2020		2019		% Increase (Decrease)		2020		2019	% Increase (Decrease)
Revenues from external customers										
Mortuary revenues	\$	2,112	\$	1,465	44%	\$	5,560	\$	4,693	18%
Cemetery revenues		3,260		2,061	58%		8,970		6,512	38%
Net investment income		168		112	50%		445		388	15%
Gains (losses) on investments and other										
assets		(67)		(101)	(34%)		(244)		752	(132%)
Other		23		32	(28%)		85		127	(33%)
Total	\$	5,496	\$	3,569	54%	\$	14,816	\$	12,472	19%
Earnings before income taxes	\$	1,322	\$	213	521%	\$	2,976	\$	2,422	23%

Profitability in the nine months ended September 30, 2020 has increased due to a \$1,293,000 increase in cemetery pre-need sales, a \$1,165,000 increase in cemetery atneed sales, an \$867,000 increase in mortuary at-need sales, and an \$82,000 increase in net investment income. This increase was partially offset by a \$997,000 decrease in gains on investments and other assets primarily attributable to a \$564,000 decrease in gains on real estate sales and a \$433,000 decrease in the fair value of equity securities classified as restricted assets and cemetery perpetual care trust investments due to the recent downturn of the economy caused by the COVID-19 Pandemic, an \$801,000 increase in selling, general and administrative expenses, and a \$357,000 increase in costs of goods sold.

## **Mortgage Operations**

The Company's wholly owned subsidiaries, SecurityNational Mortgage and EverLEND Mortgage Company, are mortgage lenders incorporated under the laws of the State of Utah and approved and regulated by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA), a department of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), which originate mortgage loans that qualify for government insurance in the event of default by the borrower, in addition to various conventional mortgage loan products. SecurityNational Mortgage and EverLEND Mortgage originate and refinance mortgage loans on a retail basis. Mortgage loans originated or refinanced by the Company's mortgage subsidiaries are funded through loan purchase agreements with Security National Life and unaffiliated financial institutions.

The Company's mortgage subsidiaries receive fees from borrowers that are involved in mortgage loan originations and refinancings, and secondary fees earned from third party investors that purchase the mortgage loans originated by the mortgage subsidiaries. Mortgage loans originated by the mortgage subsidiaries are generally sold with mortgage servicing rights released to third-party investors or retained by SecurityNational Mortgage. SecurityNational Mortgage currently retains the mortgage servicing rights on approximately 65% of its loan origination volume. These mortgage loans are serviced by either SecurityNational Mortgage or an approved third-party subservicer.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, SecurityNational Mortgage originated 14,462 loans (\$3,708,810,000 total volume) and 7,817 loans (\$1,792,058,000 total volume), respectively. For the nine months ended

September 30, 2020 and 2019, EverLEND Mortgage originated 400 loans (\$115,519,000 total volume) and 185 loans (\$48,494,000 total volume), respectively.

During the COVID-19 pandemic, the demand for mortgage loans has remained steady. The Company has seen most markets increase their demand for new homes and refinances on existing homes. The Company has transitioned 90% of its processes to a work from home environment. The largest hurdle that the Company faces is being able to process all applications in a timely manner.

The following table shows the condensed financial results of the mortgage operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019. See Note 7 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

		ended Sep ands of do		Nine months ended September 30 (in thousands of dollars)				
	 2020	 2019	% Increase (Decrease)		2020		2019	% Increase (Decrease)
Revenues from external customers								
Income from loan originations	\$ 27,932	\$ 12,162	130%	\$	60,994	\$	30,726	99%
Secondary gains from investors	70,628	27,574	156%		151,216		66,435	128%
Net investment income	300	219	37		553		654	(15%)
Gains on investments and other								
assets	7	67	(90%)		-		123	(100%)
Other	2,581	1,962	32%		6,641		5,971	11%
Total	\$ 101,448	\$ 41,984	142%	\$	219,404	\$	103,909	111%
Earnings before income taxes	\$ 32,454	\$ 3,283	889%	\$	58,868	\$	4,826	1120%

Included in other revenues is service fee income. The increase in earnings for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 was due to an increase in mortgage loan originations and refinancings, and subsequent sales of mortgage loans into the secondary market.

## Mortgage Loan Loss Settlements

Future mortgage loan losses can be extremely difficult to estimate. However, management believes that the Company's reserve methodology and its current practice of property preservation allow it to estimate its potential losses on mortgage loans sold. The estimated liability for indemnification losses was included in other liabilities and accrued expenses and, as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the balances were \$3,009,000 and \$4,046,000, respectively.

#### Mortgage Loan Loss Litigation

For a description of the litigation involving SecurityNational Mortgage and Lehman Brothers Holdings, see Part I, Item 1. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) in Note 11.

### Consolidation

# Three Months Ended September 30, 2020 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2019

Total revenues increased by \$70,825,000, or 94.0%, to \$146,205,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, from \$75,380,000 for the comparable period in 2019. Contributing to this increase in total revenues was a \$58,824,000 increase in mortgage fee income, a \$4,231,000 increase in net investment income, a \$3,934,000 increase in insurance premiums and other considerations, a \$1,845,000 increase in net avestments and other assets, and a \$671,000 increase in other revenues.

Insurance premiums and other considerations increased by \$3,934,000, or 19.8%, to \$23,766,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, from \$19,832,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily due to \$2,715,000 from the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life in December 2019. See Note 15 to the condensed consolidated financial statements. This increase was also due to an increase in renewal premiums due to the growth of the Company in recent years, particularly in whole life products, which resulted in more premium paying business in force.



Net investment income increased by \$4,231,000, or 40.4%, to \$14,709,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, from \$10,478,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily attributable to a \$2,360,000 increase in mortgage loan interest (\$545,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$740,000 increase in rental income from real estate held for investment (\$52,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$628,000 increase in fixed maturity securities income (\$719,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$10,000 increase in policy loan income (\$133,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), and a \$52,000 increase in equity securities income. This increase was partially offset by a \$334,000 decrease in interest on cash and cash equivalents and a \$76,000 increase in investment expenses.

Net mortuary and cemetery sales increased by \$1,845,000, or 52.3%, to \$5,371,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, from \$3,526,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily due to a \$737,000 increase in cemetery at-need sales, a \$647,000 increase in mortuary at-need sales, and a \$461,000 increase in cemetery pre-need sales.

Gains on investments and other assets increased by \$1,320,000, or 254.0%, to gains of \$800,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, from losses of \$520,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase in gains on investments and other assets was primarily due a \$787,000 increase in gains (\$338,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life) on other assets mostly attributable to a decrease in impairment losses on commercial real estate. This increase in gains on investments and other assets was also due to a \$619,000 increase in gains on equity securities (\$149,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life) mostly attributable to increases in the fair value of these equity securities. Due to the adoption of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-01 on January 1, 2019, these changes in fair value are recognized in earnings instead of other comprehensive income. This decrease in gains on investments and other assets was partially offset by a \$86,000 decrease in gains on fixed maturity securities.

Mortgage fee income increased by \$58,824,000, or 148.0%, to \$98,560,000, for the three months ended September 30, 2020, from \$39,736,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily due to a \$43,054,000 increase in secondary gains from mortgage loans sold to third-party investors into the secondary market, a \$13,412,000 increase in loan fees and interest income, and a \$3,515,000 increase in the fair value of loans held for sale and loan commitments. This increase in mortgage fee income was partially offset by a \$1,157,000 increase in the provision for loan loss reserve.

Other revenues increased by \$671,000, or 28.8%, to \$2,997,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, from \$2,326,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily attributable to an increase in servicing fee revenue.

Total benefits and expenses were \$107,621,000, or 73.6% of total revenues, for the three months ended September 30, 2020, as compared to \$70,620,000, or 93.7% of total revenues, for the comparable period in 2019.

Death benefits, surrenders and other policy benefits, and future policy benefits increased by an aggregate of \$5,421,000 or 32.7%, to \$21,976,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, from \$16,555,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily the result of a \$6,089,000 increase in death benefits (\$2,290,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life and \$2,045,000 for COVID-19 related deaths) and a \$420,000 increase in surrender and other policy benefits (\$279,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life). This increase was partially offset by a \$1,088,000 decrease in future policy benefits (\$166,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life).

Amortization of deferred policy and pre-need acquisition costs and value of business acquired increased by \$763,000, or 21.9%, to \$4,240,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, from \$3,477,000 for the comparable period in 2019.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$30,334,000, or 63.5%, to \$78,142,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, from \$47,808,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily the result of a \$21,048,000 increase in commissions, a \$5,412,000 increase in personnel expenses, a \$2,347,000 increase in other expenses, a \$1,140,000 increase in costs related to funding mortgage loans, a \$245,000 increase in advertising expenses, a \$94,000 increase in depreciation on property and equipment, and a \$48,000 increase in rent and rent related expenses. Most of these increases are attributable to the mortgage segment due to

the increase in mortgage loan originations and refinancings, most notably \$38,936,000 in commissions, \$3,904,000 in personnel expenses, \$2,254,000 in other expenses, and \$251,838 in advertising expenses. Also, these increases are attributable to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life, most notably \$490,000 in personnel expenses, \$382,000 in other expenses, and \$171,000 in commissions.

Interest expense increased by \$284,000, or 13.7%, to \$2,363,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, from \$2,079,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily due to an increase of \$470,000 in interest expense on mortgage warehouse lines for loans held for sale. This increase was partially offset by a \$179,000 decrease in interest expense on bank loans collateralized by real estate held for investment.

Cost of goods and services sold-mortuaries and cemeteries increased by \$198,000, or 28.2%, to \$899,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, from \$701,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily due to an \$85,000 increase in mortuary at-need sales, a \$61,000 increase in cemetery at-need sales, and a \$51,000 increase in cemetery pre-need sales.

# Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019

Total revenues increased by \$139,156,000, or 67.8%, to \$344,475,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, from \$205,319,000 for the comparable period in 2019. Contributing to this increase in total revenues was a \$115,048,000 increase in mortgage fee income, a \$10,478,000 increase in insurance premiums and other considerations, a \$10,011,000 increase in net investment income, a \$3,325,000 increase in net mortuary and cemetery sales, and a \$729,000 increase in other revenues. This increase in total revenues was partially offset by a \$435,000 decrease in gains on investments and other assets.

Insurance premiums and other considerations increased by \$10,478,000, or 17.9%, to \$68,983,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, from \$58,505,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily due to \$8,560,000 from the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life in December 2019. See Note 15 to the condensed consolidated financial statements. This increase was also due to an increase in renewal premiums due to the growth of the Company in recent years, particularly in whole life products, which resulted in more premium paying business in force.

Net investment income increased by \$10,011,000, or 32.2%, to \$41,072,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, from \$31,061,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily attributable to a \$4,967,000 increase in mortgage loan interest (\$1,611,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$2,674,000 increase in rental income from real estate held for investment (\$145,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$1,663,000 increase in fixed maturity securities income (\$1,799,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$1,273,000 increase in insurance assignment income, a \$447,000 increase in policy loan income (\$401,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$1,273,000 increase in cash and cash equivalents (\$120,000 increase due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$3,78,000 decrease in interest on cash and cash equivalents (\$120,000 increase due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$3,000 decrease in of Kilpatrick Life), a \$1,000 decrease in other set to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$1,000 dincrease due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$1,000 dincrease due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$1,000 dincrease in other investment income (\$25,000 increase due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), and a \$56,000 increase due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$1,000 dincrease due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), a \$1,000 decrease in other investment income (\$25,000 increase due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life), and a \$56,000 increase due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life) a \$1,000 decrease due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life).

Net mortuary and cemetery sales increased by \$3,325,000, or 29.7%, to \$14,531,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, from \$11,206,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily due to a \$1,293,000 increase in cemetery pre-need sales, a \$1,165,000 increase in cemetery at-need sales, and a \$867,000 increase in mortuary at-need sales.

Gains on investments and other assets decreased by \$435,000, or 166.4%, to losses of \$174,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, from gains of \$261,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This decrease in gains on investments and other assets was primarily due a \$1,340,000 decrease in gains on equity securities mostly attributable to decreases in the fair value of these equity securities, due to the recent downturn of the economy caused by the COVID-19 Pandemic. Due to the adoption of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-01 on January 1, 2019, these changes in fair value are recognized in earnings instead of other comprehensive income. This decrease in gains on investments and other assets was also due to a \$91,000 decrease in gains on fixed maturity securities.

This decrease was partially offset by a \$996,000 increase in gains on other assets mostly attributable to a decrease in impairment losses on commercial real estate held for sale.

Mortgage fee income increased by \$115,049,000, or118.4%, to \$212,210,000, for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, from \$97,161,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily due to a \$84,781,000 increase in secondary gains from mortgage loans sold to third-party investors into the secondary market, a \$20,604,000 increase in loan fees and interest income, and a \$12,704,000 increase in the fair value of loans held for sale and loan commitments. This increase in mortgage fee income was partially offset by a \$3,040,000 increase in the provision for loan loss reserve.

Other revenues increased by \$729,000, or 10.2%, to \$7,854,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, from \$7,125,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily attributable to an increase in servicing fee revenue.

Total benefits and expenses were \$277,223,000, or 80.5% of total revenues, for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, as compared to \$193,503,000, or 94.2% of total revenues, for the comparable period in 2019.

Death benefits, surrenders and other policy benefits, and future policy benefits increased by an aggregate of \$15,582,000 or 31.8%, to \$64,521,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, from \$48,939,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily the result of a \$13,757,000 increase in death benefits (\$6,744,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life and \$3,338,000 for COVID-19 related deaths), a \$1,127,000 increase in future policy benefits (\$2,096,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life) and a \$699,000 increase in surrender and other policy benefits (\$840,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life).

Amortization of deferred policy and pre-need acquisition costs and value of business acquired increased by \$1,103,000, or 11.4%, to \$10,782,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, from \$9,679,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily due to an increase in the average outstanding balance of deferred policy and pre-need acquisition costs and \$152,000 due to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$65,969,000, or 51.7%, to \$193,456,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, from \$127,487,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily the result of a \$41,313,000 increase in commissions, a \$13,941,000 increase in personnel expenses, a \$7,926,000 increase in other expenses, a \$2,561,000 increase in costs related to funding mortgage loans, a \$256,000 increase in depreciation on property and equipment, and a \$275,000 increase in advertising expenses. This increase was partially offset by a \$303,000 decrease in rent and rent related expenses. Most of these increases are attributable to the mortgage segment due to the increase in mortgage loan originations and refinancings, most notably \$40,244,000 in commissions, \$9,111,000 in personnel expenses, and \$6,873,000 in other expenses. Also, these increases are attributable to the acquisition of Kilpatrick Life, most notably \$1,707,000 in personnel expenses, \$1,341,000 in other expenses, and \$1,086,000 in commissions.

Interest expense increased by \$710,000, or 13.3%, to \$6,063,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, from \$5,353,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily due to a \$1,001,000 increase in interest expense on mortgage warehouse lines for loans held for sale offset by a \$260,000 decrease in interest on bank loans collateralized by real estate held for investment.

Cost of goods and services sold-mortuaries and cemeteries increased by \$357,000, or 17.4%, to \$2,402,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, from \$2,045,000 for the comparable period in 2019. This increase was primarily due to a \$182,000 increase in cemetery at-need sales, a \$99,000 increase in cemetery pre-need sales, and a \$76,000 increase in mortuary at-need sales.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's life insurance subsidiaries and cemetery and mortuary subsidiaries realize cash flow from premiums, contract payments and sales on personal services rendered for cemetery and mortuary business, from interest and dividends on invested assets, and from the proceeds from the maturity or sale of investments. The mortgage subsidiaries realize cash flow from fees generated by originating and refinancing mortgage loans, and fees earned from mortgage loans held for sale that are sold to investors into the secondary market. The Company considers these sources of cash flow to be adequate to fund future policyholder and cemetery and mortuary liabilities, which generally are long-term and adequate to pay current policyholder claims, annuity payments, expenses related to the issuance of new policies, the maintenance of existing policies, and debt service, and to meet current operating expenses. It should be noted that current conditions in the financial markets and economy caused by the COVID-19 Pandemic may affect the cash flows of the Company.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company's operations used cash of \$164,589,000 and \$62,866,000, respectively. This decrease was due primarily to originations of mortgage loans held for sale.

The Company's liability for future policy benefits is expected to be paid out over the long-term due to the Company's market niche of selling funeral plans. Funeral plans are small face value life insurance that will pay the costs and expenses incurred at the time of a person's death. A person generally will keep these policies in force and will not surrender them prior to a person's death. Because of the long-term nature of these liabilities, the Company is able to hold to maturity its bonds, real estate, and mortgage loans, thus reducing the risk of having to liquidate these long-term investments as a result of any sudden changes in their fair values.

The Company attempts to match the duration of invested assets with its policyholder and cemetery and mortuary liabilities. The Company may sell investments other than those held to maturity in the portfolio to help in this timing. The Company purchases short-term investments on a temporary basis to meet the expectations of short-term requirements of the Company's products. The Company's investment philosophy is intended to provide a rate of return that will persist during the expected duration of policyholder and cemetery and mortuary liabilities regardless of future interest rate movements.

The Company's investment policy is to invest predominantly in fixed maturity securities, real estate, mortgage loans, and warehousing of mortgage loans on a short-term basis before selling the loans to investors in accordance with the requirements and laws governing the life insurance subsidiaries. Bonds owned by the insurance subsidiaries and classified as fixed maturity securities available for sale carried at estimated fair value amounted to \$344,677,000 and \$355,613,000 as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. This represents 42.74% and 45.5% of the total investments as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. Generally, all bonds owned by the life insurance subsidiaries are rated by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. Under this rating system, there are six categories used for rating bonds. At September 30, 2020, 3.6% (or \$12,269,000) and at December 31, 2019, 2.2% (or \$7,633,000) of the Company's total bond investments were invested in bonds in rating categories three through six, which were considered non-investment grade.

The Company is subject to risk-based capital guidelines established by statutory regulators requiring minimum capital levels based on the perceived risk of assets, liabilities, disintermediation, and business risk. At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the life insurance subsidiaries were in compliance with the regulatory criteria.

The Company's total capitalization of stockholders' equity, bank and other loans payable was \$682,332,000 as of September 30, 2020, as compared to \$414,283,000 as of December 31, 2019. Stockholders' equity as a percent of total capitalization was 37.7% and 47.5% as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

Lapse rates measure the amount of insurance terminated during a particular period. The Company's lapse rate for life insurance in 2019 was 9.8% as compared to a rate of 9.9% for 2018. The 2020 lapse rate to date has been approximately the same as 2019.

At September 30, 2020, the combined statutory capital and surplus of the Company's life insurance subsidiaries was \$74,881,000. The life insurance subsidiaries cannot pay a dividend to its parent company without approval of state insurance regulatory authorities.

#### **COVID-19 Pandemic**

During the first and second quarters of 2020, the outbreak of COVID-19 had spread worldwide and was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization on March 11, 2020. COVID-19 poses a threat to the health and economic well-being of the Company's employees, customers, and vendors. The Company is closely monitoring developments relating to the COVID-19 pandemic and assessing its impact on the Company's business. The COVID-19 pandemic has had and continues to have a major impact on the global economy and financial markets. Governments and businesses have taken numerous measures to try to contain the virus, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods, and social distancing. These measures have disrupted and will continue to disrupt businesses globally. Governments and central banks have reacted with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize the economic conditions.

Like most businesses, COVID-19 has impacted the Company. However, the Company cannot, with any certainty predict the severity or duration with which COVID-19 will impact the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. To the extent the COVID-19 pandemic adversely affects the Company's business, financial condition, and results of operations, it may also have the effect of heightening many of the other risks described in the Company's Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 under the heading "Risks." These uncertainties have the potential to negatively affect the risk of credit default for the issuers of the Company's fixed maturity debt securities and individual borrowers with mortgage loans held by the Company.

The Company has implemented risk management, business continuity plans and has taken preventive measures and other precautions, such as business travel restrictions and remote work arrangements. Such measures and precautions have enabled the Company to continue to conduct business.

#### Item 3Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

As a smaller reporting company, the Company is not required to provide information typically disclosed under this item.

#### Item 4Controls and Procedures.

# **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As of September 30, 2020, the Company carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). The Company's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified by the SEC's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The executive officers have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2020, and that the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly present, in all material respects, the Company's financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented in conformity with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Except for the remediation steps taken to address the material weakness discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, there have not been any significant changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the most recently completed fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

#### Remediation Efforts to Address the Material Weakness

The Company acquired Kilpatrick Life in December 2019. Prior to the acquisition, the Company identified a material weakness in Kilpatrick Life's internal control over financial reporting related to change management and segregation of duties for the policy administration system. As of September 30, 2020, the known deficiencies have been remediated to the extent that they no longer give rise to a material weakness with the following controls implemented by management.

- · Execution of a formal consultant agreement with the former system developer.
- · Creation of unique login credentials for system users.
- Implementation of system change control processes, including the installation of a third-party database logging software.

As of November 13, 2020, the Company had not fully assessed Kilpatrick Life's internal controls over financial reporting and is currently testing new and revised internal controls for design and operating effectiveness. The Securities and Exchange Commission permits companies to exclude acquisitions from their assessment of internal control over financial reporting during the first year of an acquisition, and the Company has elected to exclude Kilpatrick Life from its assessment. The Company has performed additional analysis and procedures to conclude that it believes the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q present fairly, in all material respects, the Company's financial position, results of operations, comprehensive income (loss) and cash flows for the periods presented in conformity with U.S. GAAP.

# Part II - Other Information

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

For a description of the litigation involving SecurityNational Mortgage and Lehman Brothers Holdings, see Part I, Item 1. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) in Note 11.

The Company is not a party to any other material legal proceedings outside the ordinary course of business or to any other legal proceedings, which if adversely determined, would have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or results of operation.

# Item 1Risk Factors.

As a smaller reporting company, the Company is not required to provide information typically disclosed under this item.

Item 2Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

# Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities and Use of Proceeds from Registered Securities

None.

# **Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

In September 2018, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a Stock Repurchase Plan that authorized the repurchase of 300,000 shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock in the open market. The repurchased shares of Class A common stock will be held as treasury shares to be used as the Company's employer matching contribution to the Employee 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan.

The following table shows the Company's repurchase activity during the three months ended September 30, 2020 under the Stock Repurchase Plan.

Period	(a) Total Number of Class A Shares Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Class A Share	(c) Total Number of Class A Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan or Program	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Class A Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan or Program			
7/1/2020-							
7/31/2020	12,809	\$ 6.26	-	109,118			
8/1/2020- 8/31/2020	8,644	6.48	-	100,474			
9/1/2020- 9/30/2020	11,356	6.48		89,118			
Total	32,809	\$ 6.38		89,118			

# Item 3Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

#### Item 4Mine Safety Disclosures.

None.

#### Item 50ther Information.

None.

# Item Æxhibits, Financial Statements Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K.

# (a)(1) Financial Statements

See "Table of Contents - Part I - Financial Information" under page 2 above

# (a)(2) Financial Statement Schedules

None

All other schedules to the consolidated financial statements required by Article 7 of Regulation S-X are not required under the related instructions or are inapplicable and therefore have been omitted.

# (a)(3) Exhibits

The following Exhibits are filed herewith pursuant to Rule 601 of Regulation S-K or are incorporated by reference to previous filings.

- 3.1 Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (5)
- 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws (9)
- 4.1 Specimen Class A Stock Certificate (1)
- 4.2 Specimen Class C Stock Certificate (1)
- 4.3 Specimen Preferred Stock Certificate and Certificate of Designation of Preferred Stock (1)
- 10.1 Employee Stock Ownership Plan, as amended and restated (ESOP) and Trust Agreement (1)
- 10.2 <u>Amended and Restated 2013 Stock Option and Other Equity Incentive</u> <u>Awards Plan</u> (3)
- 10.3 Amended and Restated 2014 Director Stock Option Plan (12)
- 10.4 Employment Agreement with Scott M. Quist (2)
- 10.5 Stock Purchase Agreement among Security National Financial Corporation,
- Beta Capital Corp., and Ronald D. Maxson, sole shareholder (6)
- 10.6 Stock Repurchase Plan (7)
- 10.7 Asset Purchase Agreement among SN Probst LLC, Probst Family Funerals and Cremations, L.L.C, Heber Valley Funeral Home, Inc., Joe T. Probst, Clinton Wayne Probst, Calle J. Probst, and Marsha J. Probst (8)

- 10.8 Coinsurance Agreement between Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company and Security National Life Insurance Company (10)
- 10.9 Stock Purchase Agreement among Security National Financial Corporation, Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company, and the Shareholders of Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company (10)
- Consolidated Statement of Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed at 10.10 December 13, 2019 (11) Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (9)
- 14
- Subsidiaries of the Registrant 21
- Consent of Eide Bailly LLP (4) 23.1 23.2
- Consent of Mackey Price & Mecham (4) Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as enacted by Section 31.1 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as enacted by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 101.xmlInstance Document
- 101.xsdTaxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.cal Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.defTaxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
- 101.lab Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- 101.preTaxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
- (1) Incorporated by reference from Registration Statement on Form S-1, as filed on June 29, 1987
- (2) Incorporated by reference from Report on Form 10-Q, as filed on November 13, 2015
- (3) Incorporated by reference from Report on Form 10-Q, as filed on August 15, 2016
- (4) Incorporated by reference from Registration Statement on Form S-8, as filed on September 7, 2016
- (5) Incorporated by reference from Report on Form 10-K, as filed on March 31, 2017
- (6) Incorporated by reference from Report on Form 8-K, as filed on June 6, 2018
- (7) Incorporated by reference from Report on Form 10-Q, as filed on November 13, 2018
- (8) Incorporated by reference from Report on Form 8-K, as filed on February 28, 2019
- (9) Incorporated by reference from Report on Form 10-Q, as filed on May 15, 2019 (10) Incorporated by reference from Report on Form 8-K, as filed on November 12, 2019
- (11) Incorporated by reference from Report on Form 8-K/A, as filed on February 26, 2020
- (12) Incorporated by reference from Report on Form 10-Q, as filed on August 14, 2020



# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# REGISTRANT

# SECURITY NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION Registrant

Dated: November 13, 2020

<u>/s/ Scott M. Quist</u> Scott M. Quist Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Dated: November 13, 2020

<u>/s/ Garrett S. Sill</u> Garrett S. Sill Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)